

ACN 168 751 746



# Annual Report

30 June 2015

#### DIRECTORS

Ruwan Weerasooriya – Managing Director Jack Matthews – Non-executive Chairman Brandon Munro – Non-executive Director

## **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ian Hobson

# **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Suite 5, 95 Hay Street Subiaco WA 6008

Telephone:+61 8 9388 8290Facsimile:+61 8 9388 8256Email:corporate@rewardle.comWebsite:www.rewardleholdings.com

# PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Level 4, 100 Flinders Street Melbourne VIC 3000

# SHARE REGISTRY

Automic Registry Services Suite 1A, Level 1, 7 Ventnor Avenue West Perth WA 6005

Telephone: +61 8 9324 2099 Facsimile: +61 8 9321 2337

#### AUDITORS

BDO East Coast Partnership Level 14, 140 William Street, Melbourne VIC 3001

# SOLICTORS

Nova Legal Ground Floor, 10 Ord Street, West Perth WA 6005

# BANK

Westpac Banking Corporation Limited

# AUSTRALIAN SECURITIES EXCHANGE

ASX Code RXH

REWARDLE HOLDINGS LIMITED - ABN 37 168 751 746

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#### **Dear Shareholders**

Rewardle acts as a commerce based social network, connecting consumers with their favourite places, based on transactions. Put simply, Rewardle has given the traditional "buy 9, get 1 free" paper punch card a digital makeover and extended its utility by adding prepayment, mobile ordering, mobile payments and social media integrations while offering merchants sophisticated data marketing capabilities.

Rewardle's clients are your typical neighbourhood businesses - cafés, yoga studios, butchers, hairdressers etc. These time poor merchants, with limited operational and marketing support, don't have access to the digital tools of large retail chains but desperately need them to connect with customers in an increasingly digital and connected world.

During the 2015 financial year, the Rewardle team, led by founder and Managing Director Ruwan Weerasooriya, have developed a national network of approximately 4,000 Merchants and over 1,000,000 Members who collectively have checked-in with Rewardle as part of a transaction more than 14,500,000 times.

As part of Rewardle's omni-channel payments model, over \$1,800,000 of prepaid credit has been loaded onto the Rewardle Platform which is being used for mobile payments at local SME Merchants in a manner that disrupts traditional payment practices and banking networks. In addition, Members are also able to pay using credit cards in an Uber style experience and through an integration with Mint Payments Ltd which turns the Rewardle tablet into an eftpos terminal.

During the June quarter, monetisation of the network commenced with the first two brand partnerships with Airasia and Quickflix being announced, with both deals being worth in excess of six figures each. We have also now commenced a systematic program to convert trial merchants into monthly subscription customers. The initial results are both as expected and encouraging.

Additionally in April, the Company raised \$5,000,000 from investors ensuring the Company is well capitalised.

Rewardle will continue on its mission to provide local SME Merchants with the digital engagement tools and business intelligence typically only available to large retail chains by unlocking the power of mobile computing, cloud based software and Big Data analysis.

The focus for the Company in the 2016 financial year is continuing to foster the Network Effects that are inherent in the business model by continuing to grow the Merchant and Member Network and the effective monetisation of the Network. On behalf of the Board of Rewardle, I would like to thank you for being a Shareholder in the Company and I look forward to an exciting 2016 financial year for Rewardle.

Yours sincerely

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Jack Matthews Chairman

REWARDLE HOLDINGS LIMITED - ABN 37 168 751 746

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Rewardle Holdings Limited ("Rewardle" or "the Company") is an Australian based company.

# CORPORATE

During the period and to the date of this report:

- i. In July 2014, the Company issued 1,000,000 options to staff and 1,200,000 attaching options to convertible note holders with each option exercisable at \$0.20 and expiring 30 June 2017.
- ii. On 25 July 2014, the Company issued 533,335 shares at \$0.15 each for \$80,000.
- iii. The Company converted \$3,700,000 convertible notes into 18,500,000 ordinary shares on 12 September 2014.
- iv. The Company issued 20,000,000 \$0.20 performance options (full terms set out in the Replacement Prospectus dated 20 August 2014) to the Managing Director and Staff to assist in retaining staff by providing them the opportunity to own equity in the Company.
- v. On 12 September 2015, the Company issued 1,500,000 \$0.20 options with an expiry date of 30 June 2017 to various parties who assisted in raising the funds as part of the IPO.
- vi. On 30 September 2014, the Company issued 20,000,000 shares at \$0.20 each for \$4,000,000.
- vii. On 2 April 2015, the Company issued 15,151,515 shares at \$0.33 each for \$5,000,000.
- viii. On 3 July 2015, the following options to subscribe for ordinary fully paid shares were issued to staff:
  - a. 60,000 unlisted performance options exercisable at 20 cents each expiring 7 February 2018;
    - b. 836,500 unlisted performance options exercisable at 25 cents each expiring 7 February 2018;
    - c. 550,000 unlisted performance options exercisable at 30 cents each expiring 7 February 2018; and
    - d. 1,000,000 unlisted options exercisable at 30 cents each expiring 31 March 2018.
- ix. On 10 August 2015, the Company issued 87,500 fully paid ordinary shares following the exercise of 87,500 unlisted performance options exercisable at 20 cents each on or before 7 February 2018.
- x. On 11 September 2015, the Company issued 150,000 fully paid ordinary shares following the exercise of 150,000 unlisted options exercisable at 20 cents each on or before 30 June 2017.

# **COMPANY OVERVIEW**

## **Record Growth Continues, Monetisation Commenced**

Network effects inherent of the Rewardle Platform have led to key Network growth milestones being achieved early.

Having achieved commercial critical mass, monetisation of the Rewardle Network is being demonstrated, initially via two six figure Brand Partnerships, with other revenue streams to follow.



# Management is competently executing a simple and proven plan to success

Rewardle Platform's Network Effects Continue to Deliver Consistently Accelerating Growth



Powerful network effects are organically driving the Rewardle Platform towards becoming the dominant hyper local marketing and transactional platform that connects a community of local Merchants and Members.



Source: Rewardle Prospectus 20 August 2014, and Rewardle Platform Statistics as at 15 July 2015



Source: Rewardle Prospectus 20 August 2014, and Rewardle Platform Statistics as at 15 July 2015

#### Record Network Growth Delivers Key Milestones Early & Positions for Monetisation

Throughout the year the Company constantly hit new records for the fastest 100,000 Members and the fastest 1M Check-ins.

It should be noted that these records continued to be achieved even while management started to control Merchant growth rates during the June quarter to permit the allocation of greater resources towards Merchant education and engagement in preparation for conversion of free trials to paying subscriptions in the future.

The continued acceleration in Members and Check-in growth is a result of Rewardle's growing utility as Network density increases. This demonstrates the growing influence of the Rewardle Platform's inherent network effects and their ability to drive highly cost effective organic growth.

The diverse application of the Rewardle Platform has been demonstrated during the year with commercial agreements being established with a number of partners across a range of industry sectors.

In November 2014, the first Performance Milestone of 500,000 Members was achieved and then in early June the second Performance Milestone of 1,000,000 Members was achieved. This was considerably earlier than expected due to the acceleration in growth experienced over the past 12 months. This milestone represented the final Network growth Performance Option target for Management and staff with the remaining Performance Options based on key monetisation milestones.

# Monetisation begun via multiple six figure brand partnerships



The Rewardle Platform is uniquely positioned to offers brands the opportunity to engage with local Merchants and Members during their daily transactions.

Having achieved the key Network growth milestones and established what management regards as commercial critical mass, brand partners were approached with the opportunity to engage with the Rewardle Platform.

During the June quarter two six figure deals were announced with AirAsia and Quickflix that clearly demonstrate management capability and the monetisation potential of the rapidly developing Rewardle Network.

Rewardle's Management team is highly qualified to leverage the Company's unique position as a national, hyper local marketing and transactional Platform with substantial scale and diversity.

Rewardle's Board and Executive Management have substantial experience in developing digital media businesses that connect brands and audiences in new, innovative ways. An active pipeline of Brand Partnerships is being developed and updates will be forthcoming in due course.

While Brand Partnerships represent a potential source of substantial revenue for the Company, having brands engage with the Platform to complement local merchant rewards also increases the appeal of the Rewardle Platform for Merchants and Members and will further serve to drive organic growth and engagement.

The scheduling and implementation of the AirAsia and Quickflix activity is currently being finalised and is expected to launch in coming weeks. As such, the revenue associated with these Brand Partnerships along with their impact on Network growth and engagement will be realised in subsequent periods.

# **Developing a Unique Omni-Channel Payments Model**

In February, Rewardle launched a mobile order ahead with payment via credit card solution for Merchants and Members. Similar to the payment process of the popular Uber car service app, Rewardle users are able to securely vault one or more credit cards in the Rewardle smartphone app (iOS or Android) which can be used without re-entry to order, pay and pick up items at participating Rewardle Merchants in a frictionless transaction experience.

In addition, during April, Rewardle entered into an Agreement with Mint Payments Limited (Mint – ASX:MNW) to integrate Mint's mobile payments and processing capability into the Rewardle Platform.

Mint's payments technology platform enables card present payments (credit, debit and EFTPOS) to be made via a range of mobile devices. Integrating Mint's technology into the Rewardle Platform will have the effect of extending the utility of Rewardle's customer facing tablets by turning them into EFTPOS terminals capable of accepting tap and go or chip and PIN payments.

The integration of Mint's technology in concert with Rewardle's order ahead with payment via credit card facility will enable Rewardle to offer merchants the ability to accept payment from a customer through card present in-store processing and mobile order ahead.

This uniquely position Rewardle as an omni-channel payments facilitator for local merchants in Australia with the following payment methods supported by the Rewardle Platform following the Mint integration:

- Pay with points
- Prepaid Credit/Giftcards
- Mobile order ahead
- Tap card to pay
- Chip and Pin

Integration and pilot testing is currently under way with final commercial terms to be negotiated with Mint based on the insights gathered from a pilot group deployment and subject to Rewardle's satisfaction with respect to the technical functionality and capability.

#### DIRECTORS

The names of the Directors of the Company in office during the financial year and up to the date of this report are as follows:

Ruwan Weerasooriya – Managing Director Jack Matthews – Non-executive Chairman Brandon Munro – Non-executive Director Peter Pawlowitsch – Non-executive Director (Resigned 25/07/2014)

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year until the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

The following persons held the position of Company Secretary during the financial period: Ian Hobson

The particulars of the qualifications, experience and special responsibilities of each Director are as follows:

#### Ruwan Weerasooriya – Managing Director

Ruwan Weerasooriya is the founder and Managing Director of Rewardle. Over 20 years he has consistently stayed at the forefront of the disruption caused by the advent and proliferation of the Internet. He has established, built and operated a range of technology and media related businesses with multiple successful outcomes including trade sales to ASX listed industry leaders. In 2013 he was named in the Top 50 Australian Startup Influencers by Startupdaily.com.au. He established Rewardle in 2012 to provide Local SME Merchants with the digital customer engagement tools and business intelligence typically only available to large retail chains by unlocking the power of mobile computing, cloud based software and big data analysis.

At the date of this report, Mr Weerasooriya has interests in the following shares and options of the Company:

- 87,500,000 ordinary shares
- 9,375,000 unlisted options exercisable at \$0.20 each and expiring 30 June 2017
- 10,000,000 performance options exercisable at \$0.20 each and expiring 40 months from listing on the ASX

During the past three years Mr Weerasooriya has held no other listed company directorships.

#### Jack Matthews – Non-Executive Chairman

Jack Matthews holds a B.A. in Philosophy from The College of William & Mary (Williamsburg, VA) and is a member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors and the New Zealand Institute of Directors.

Jack Matthews brings extensive knowledge of the evolving digital media landscape, strong commercial networks and experience in executing and successfully integrating digital business acquisitions. He has held a number of senior leadership positions within the digital media and subscription television industries in Australia and New Zealand. Jack played an integral role in the success of Fairfax's digital strategy, first as CEO of Fairfax Digital and most recently as CEO of Fairfax Metropolitan Media.

At the date of this report, Mr Matthews has interests in the following shares and options of the Company:

- 266,667 ordinary shares
- 1,150,000 unlisted options exercisable at \$0.20 each and expiring 30 June 2017

During the past three years Mr Matthews has held the following listed company directorships:

- Trilogy International Limited (New Zealand) 15 August present
- APN Outdoor Group Limited 17 October 2014 present

# Brandon Munro – Non-Executive Director

Brandon Munro holds a Bachelor of Economics and Bachelor of Laws from University of Western Australia, and Graduate Diploma in Applied Finance and Investment from Securities Institute of Australia. He is a Fellow of the Financial Services Institute of Australia (Finsia) and is a Graduate Member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors.

Brandon brings regulatory, governance, mergers and acquisitions and capital markets knowledge to the team. Brandon is the Managing Director of ASX-listed Kunene Resources Ltd.

At the date of this report, Mr Munro has interests in the following shares and options of the Company:

- 783,333 ordinary shares
- 1,300,000 unlisted options exercisable at \$0.20 each and expiring 30 June 2017

During the past three years Mr Munro has held the following other listed company directorships:

Kunene Resources Limited – 4 April 2014 - present

#### Peter Pawlowitsch – Non-executive Director (resigned 25/7/2014) & Corporate Development

Peter Pawlowitsch holds a Bachelor of Commerce from the University of Western Australia, is a current member of the Certified Practicing Accountants of Australia and also holds a Masters of Business Administration from Curtin University.

These qualifications have underpinned more than ten years' experience in the accounting profession, business management and the evaluation of businesses and mining projects.

During the past three years Mr Pawlowitsch has held the following listed company directorships:

- Ventnor Resources Limited 12 February 2010 present
- Dubber Corporation Limited 26 September 2011 present
- Kunene Resources Limited 30 January 2012 present
- Knosys Limited 16 March 2015 present

#### Ian Hobson – Company Secretary

Ian Hobson is a Fellow Chartered Accountant and Chartered Secretary who provides company secretarial and financial controller services to ASX listed companies. Ian has had 30 years' experience in the profession. He is also chairman & non-executive director of ASX listed company zipMoney Limited. Ian is experienced in due diligence, transaction support, capital raising and corporate governance.

#### CORPORATE INFORMATION

#### **Corporate Structure**

Rewardle Holdings Limited is a limited liability company that is incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Rewardle Holdings Limited (Group) has prepared a consolidated financial report incorporating the entities that it controlled during the financial year as follows:

| Rewardle Holdings Ltd | - | parent entity                |
|-----------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Rewardle Pty Ltd      | - | 100% owned controlled entity |

#### **Nature of Operations and Principal Activities**

The principal continuing activities during the year of entities within the consolidated entity was Digital Customer Engagement platform for local SME merchants.

#### **OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW**

#### **Review of Operations**

A review of operations for the financial year and the results of those operations are contained within the Company review.

#### **Operating Results**

Consolidated loss after income tax for the financial year was \$6,280,903 (2014: \$1,586,264 loss).

#### **Financial Position**

At 30 June 2015, the Group had net assets of \$4,639,649 (2014: \$2,827,074 net liabilities) with cash reserves of \$4,859,008 (2014: \$454,287).

#### **Financing and Investing Activities**

The company issued the following securities during the year:

- 533,335 ordinary fully paid shares at an issue price of \$0.15 per share raising \$80,000;
- 2,500,000 unlisted \$0.20 options expiring on 30 June 2017;
- 20,000,000 unlisted \$0.20 performance options expiring on 7 February 2018;
- 230,000 convertible notes raising \$230,000 with 862,500 unlisted \$0.20 options expiring on 30 June 2017;
- 18,500,000 ordinary fully paid shares issued upon conversion of 3,700,000 convertible notes at a conversion price of \$0.20 per share;
- 20,000,000 ordinary fully paid shares at an issue price of \$0.20 per share to raise gross proceeds of \$4,000,000; and
- 15,151,515 ordinary fully paid shares at an issue price of \$0.33 per share raising gross proceeds of \$5,000,000.

#### Dividends

No dividends were paid during the year (2014: nil) and no recommendation is made as to the payment of dividends.

# SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

Significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group during the financial year are detailed in the company review.

In the opinion of the directors, there were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company that occurred during the financial year under review not otherwise disclosed in this report or in the financial report.

# EVENTS SINCE THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR

No matters or circumstances have arisen, since the end of the financial year, which significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in subsequent financial years, other than as follows or outlined in the company review which is contained in this Annual Report:

On 3 July 2015, the Company issued the following options to subscribe for ordinary fully paid shares to staff:

- 60,000 unlisted performance options exercisable at 20 cents each expiring 7 February 2018;
- 836,500 unlisted performance options exercisable at 25 cents each expiring 7 February 2018;
- 550,000 unlisted performance options exercisable at 30 cents each expiring 7 February 2018; and
- 1,000,000 unlisted options exercisable at 30 cents each expiring 31 March 2018.

On 10 August 2015, the Company issued 87,500 fully paid ordinary shares following the exercise of 87,500 unlisted performance options exercisable at 20 cents each on or before 7 February 2018.

On 11 September 2015, the Company issued 150,000 fully paid ordinary shares following the exercise of 150,000 unlisted options exercisable at 20 cents each on or before 30 June 2017.

# LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS AND EXPECTED RESULTS

The Group will continue to pursue its principal activity of rolling out its Digital Customer Engagement platform for local SME merchants.

#### **MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS**

The numbers of meetings of directors held during the year and the numbers of meetings attended by each director were as follows:

| Board of Directors               |                           |                 |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|
|                                  | Number eligible to attend | Number attended |  |  |  |  |
| R Weerasooriya                   | 4                         | 4               |  |  |  |  |
| P Pawlowitsch (resigned 25/7/14) | -                         | -               |  |  |  |  |
| J Matthews                       | 4                         | 4               |  |  |  |  |
| B Munro                          | 4                         | 4               |  |  |  |  |

# **REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)**

This report details the nature and amount of remuneration for each director and key management personnel of Rewardle Holdings Limited. The information provided in the remuneration report includes remuneration disclosures that are audited as required by section 308(3C) of the Corporations Act 2001.

For the purposes of this report Key Management Personnel of the Group are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the major activities of the group, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of the parent company.

The following persons were directors of Rewardle Holdings Limited during the financial year:

| Ruwan Weerasooriya | Managing Director                              |
|--------------------|--|
| Jack Matthews      | Non-executive Chairman                         |
| Brandon Munro      | Non-executive Director                         |
| Peter Pawlowitsch  | Non-executive Director - Resigned 25 July 2014 |

There were no other persons that fulfilled the role of a key management person during the year, other than those disclosed as Directors.

The remuneration report is set out under the following main headings:

- Remuneration policy
- Remuneration structure
- Employment contracts of directors and senior executives
- Details of remuneration for year
- Compensation options to key management personnel
- Shares issued to key management personnel on exercise of compensation options
- Voting and comments made at the Company's last Annual General Meeting
- Loans with key management personnel
- Additional disclosures relating to key management personnel
- Other transactions with key management personnel

#### **RENUMERATION GOVERNANCE**

#### **Remuneration Committee**

The full Board carries out the roles and responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee and is responsible for determining and reviewing the compensation arrangements for the Directors themselves, the Managing Director and any Executives.

Executive remuneration is reviewed annually having regard to individual and business performance, relevant comparative remuneration and internal and independent external advice.

#### A. Remuneration policy

The board policy is to remunerate directors at market rates for time, commitment and responsibilities. The board determines payments to the directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability. Independent external advice is sought when required. The maximum aggregate amount of directors' fees that can be paid is subject to approval by shareholders in a general meeting, from time to time. However, to align directors' interests with shareholders' interests, the directors are encouraged to hold shares and options in the company.

The Group's aim is to remunerate at a level that reflects the size and nature of the Group. Group officers and directors are remunerated to a level consistent with the size of the Group.

The directors receive a superannuation guarantee contribution required by the government, which is currently 9.5%, and do not receive any other retirement benefits. Some individuals, however, may choose to sacrifice part of their salary to increase payments towards superannuation.

All remuneration paid to directors and executives is valued at the cost to the company and expensed.

The Board believes that it has implemented suitable practices and procedures that are appropriate for an organisation of this size and maturity.

The Group did not pay any performance-based component of remuneration during the year other than incentive and performance options granted to directors as disclosed in Note D below.

## B. Remuneration structure

In accordance with best practice corporate governance, the structure of non-executive directors and executive compensation is separate and distinct.

# **Use of Remuneration Consultants**

The Board does not seek the advice of Remuneration Consultants in fulfilling its roles and responsibilities associated with the Remuneration Committee and determining compensation for Directors, the Managing Director and any Key Management Personnel.

# **Non-executive Director Compensation**

# Objective

The Board seeks to set aggregate compensation at a level that provides the company with the ability to attract and retain directors of the highest calibre, whilst incurring a cost that is acceptable to shareholders.

# Structure

The Constitution and the ASX Listing Rules specify that the aggregate compensation of non-executive directors shall be determined from time to time by a general meeting. An amount not exceeding the amount determined is then divided between the directors as agreed. The latest determination approved by shareholders was an aggregate compensation of \$500,000 per year.

The amount of aggregate compensation sought to be approved by shareholders and the manner in which it is apportioned amongst directors is reviewed annually. The Board may consider advice from external consultants as well as the fees paid to non-executive directors of comparable companies when undertaking the annual review process. Non-Executive Directors' remuneration may include an incentive portion consisting of options, as considered appropriate by the Board, which may be subject to Shareholder approval in accordance with ASX listing rules.

#### **Executive Compensation**

# Objective

The entity aims to reward executives with a level and mix of compensation commensurate with their position and responsibilities within the entity so as to:

- reward executives for company and individual performance against targets set by appropriate benchmarks;
- align the interests of executives with those of shareholders;
- link rewards with the strategic goals and performance of the company; and
- ensure total compensation is competitive by market standards.

#### Structure

In determining the level and make-up of executive remuneration, the Board negotiates a remuneration to reflect the market salary for a position and individual of comparable responsibility and experience. Due to the limited size of the Company and of its operations and financial affairs, the use of a separate remuneration committee is not considered appropriate. Remuneration is regularly compared with the external market by participation in industry salary surveys and during recruitment activities generally. If required, the Board may engage an external consultant to provide independent advice in the form of a written report detailing market levels of remuneration for comparable executive roles.

Compensation may consist of the following key elements:

- Fixed Compensation;
- Variable Compensation;
- Short Term Incentive (STI); and
- Long Term Incentive (LTI).

Remuneration consists of a fixed remuneration and a long term incentive portion as considered appropriate.

#### Fixed Remuneration

The level of fixed remuneration is set so as to provide a base level of remuneration which is both appropriate to the position and is competitive in the market. Fixed remuneration is reviewed annually by the Board having regard to the Company and individual performance, relevant comparable remuneration in the mining exploration sector and external advice.

The fixed remuneration is a base salary or monthly consulting fee.

# Variable Pay — Long Term Incentives

The objective of long term incentives is to reward directors/executives in a manner which aligns this element of remuneration with the creation of shareholder wealth. The incentive portion is payable based upon attainment of objectives related to the director's/executive's job responsibilities. The objectives vary, but all are targeted to relate directly to the Company's business and financial performance and thus to shareholder value.

Long term incentives (LTIs) granted to directors/ executives are delivered in the form of options.

LTI grants to Executives are delivered in the form of employee share options. These options are issued at an exercise price determined by the Board at the time of issue. The employee share options on issue during the year vest over a selected period not based on service conditions.

The objective of the granting of options is to reward Executives in a manner which aligns the element of remuneration with the creation of shareholder wealth. As such LTIs are made to Executives who are able to influence the generation of shareholder wealth and thus have an impact on the Company's performance.

The level of LTI granted is, in turn, dependent on the Company's recent share price performance, the seniority of the Executive, and the responsibilities the Executive assumes in the Company.

Typically, the grant of LTIs occurs at the commencement of employment or in the event that the individual receives a promotion and, as such, is not subsequently affected by the individual's performance over time.

# C. Employment contracts of directors and senior executives

The employment arrangements of the directors are not formalised in a contract of employment except as follows:

- Mr Ruwan Weerasooriya who entered into an executive services agreement (Managing Director) on or about 20 July 2014 which commenced upon listing on the ASX on 7 October 2014. The Managing Director's remuneration package comprises 10,000,000 performance options which are exercisable into shares in the Company when milestones are achieved within prescribed timeframes, at an exercise price of \$0.20 per share on or before 7 February 2018, and an annual salary of \$150,000 plus statutory superannuation. The service agreement has no fixed term and Mr Weerasooriya or the Company can terminate the agreement upon provision of six months written notice.
- Mr Peter Pawlowitsch entered into a consultancy services agreement (Corporate Development) on 31 March 2014 which commenced upon listing on the ASX on 7 October 2014 for a period of twelve months. Mr Pawlowitsch or the Company can terminate the agreement upon provision of six months written notice.
  - The consulting fee for the corporate development services comprises the following:
  - \$10,000 per calendar month (plus GST) in return for approximately 10 calendar days of services per month;
  - If the consultant is required to travel (whether domestically or internationally) in excess of 3 days in any week to perform the consultancy services, an additional fee of \$1,000 (plus GST) per day travelled in excess of such 3 days is payable; and
  - 40% of the consultant's relevant mobile telephone bill.
- Mr Jason Potter who entered into an executive services agreement (Chief Technology Officer) on or about 1 July 2014 which commenced upon listing on the ASX on 7 October 2014. The Chief Technology Officer's remuneration package is comprised of an annual salary of \$100,000 plus statutory superannuation, and 1,000,000 employee options which are exercisable into shares in the Company at \$0.20 each on or before 30 June 2017. The Chief Technology Officer is entitled to participate in the employee share option plan established by the Company. The service agreement has no fixed term and Mr Potter or the Company can terminate the agreement upon provision of six months written notice.

# D. Details of remuneration for year

Details of the remuneration of each Director and named executive officer of the company, including their personally-related entities, during the year was as follows:

|                    |      | Short Term<br>Benefits | Post-<br>Employment | Share Based<br>Payments |         | Remuneration consisting of | Remuneration |
|--------------------|------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|---------|----------------------------|--------------|
|                    |      | Salary and             |                     |                         |         | options during             | based on     |
| Director           | Year | fees                   | Superannuation      | Options                 | Total   | the year                   | performance  |
|                    |      | \$                     | \$                  | \$                      | \$      | %                          | %            |
| R Weerasooriya     | 2015 | 112,500                | 10,687              | 705,000                 | 828,187 | 85                         | 85           |
| K WEETasoonya      | 2014 | -                      | -                   | -                       | -       | -                          | -            |
| P Pawlowitsch      | 2015 | -                      | -                   | -                       | -       | -                          | -            |
| (resigned 25/7/14) | 2014 | -                      | -                   | 67,980                  | 67,980  | 100                        | -            |
| J Matthews         | 2015 | 27,397                 | 2,603               | -                       | 30,000  | -                          | -            |
| JIVIALLINEWS       | 2014 | -                      | -                   | 67,980                  | 67,980  | 100                        | -            |
| B Munro            | 2015 | 27,397                 | 2,603               | -                       | 30,000  | -                          | -            |
| BIVIUITO           | 2014 | -                      | -                   | 67,980                  | 67,980  | 100                        | -            |
| Total              | 2015 | 167,294                | 15,893              | 705,000                 | 888,187 | 79                         | 79           |
| TOLAI              | 2014 | -                      | -                   | 203,940                 | 203,940 | 100                        | -            |

# E. Compensation options to key management personnel

During the year, the following performance options were granted as incentives for performance to the Managing Director. The options were issued free of charge. Each option entitles the holder to subscribe for one fully paid ordinary share in the Company, exercisable when performance milestones are achieved within prescribed timeframes, at an exercise price of \$0.20 per share on or before 7 February 2018.

| Director       | Number<br>granted | No. vested<br>during the<br>year | Grant date | Value per<br>option at<br>grant date <sup>1</sup><br>\$ | Exercise<br>price<br>\$ | First<br>exercise<br>date | Last<br>exercise<br>date |
|----------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|------------|---|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| R Weerasooriya | 10,000,000        | 10,000,000                       | 25/07/2014 | \$0.0705  | \$0.20                  | 11/11/2014                | 7/02/2018                |
| Total          | 10,000,000        | 10,000,000                       |            |   |                         |                           |                          |

<sup>1</sup> Valuation was done using Black Scholes model

During the previous financial period, the following options were granted as equity compensation benefits to Directors and Executives. The options were issued free of charge. Each option entitles the holder to subscribe for one fully paid ordinary share in the Company at an exercise price of \$0.20 per share on or before 30 June 2017.

| Director      | Number<br>granted | No. vested<br>during the<br>period | Grant date | Value per<br>option at<br>grant date <sup>1</sup><br>\$ | Exercise<br>price<br>\$ | First<br>exercise<br>date | Last<br>exercise<br>date |
|---------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|------------|---|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| P Pawlowitsch | 1,000,000         | 1,000,000                          | 30/04/2014 | \$0.06798   | \$0.20                  | 30/04/2014                | 30/06/2017               |
| J Matthews    | 1,000,000         | 1,000,000                          | 13/06/2014 | \$0.06798   | \$0.20                  | 13/06/2014                | 30/06/2017               |
| B Munro       | 1,000,000         | 1,000,000                          | 30/04/2014 | \$0.06798   | \$0.20                  | 30/04/2014                | 30/06/2017               |
| Total         | 3,000,000         | 3,000,000                          |            |   |                         |                           |                          |

<sup>1</sup> Valuation was done using Black Scholes model

#### F. Shares issued to key management personnel on exercise of compensation options

No shares were issued to Directors on exercise of compensation options during the year.

# G. Voting and comments made at the Company's last Annual General Meeting

The Company received 100% of votes "for" the adoption of the remuneration report for the 2014 financial period. The Company did not receive any specific feedback at the AGM or throughout the year on its remuneration practices.

# H. Loans with key management personnel

There were no loans to key management personnel or their related entities during the financial year.

#### I. Additional disclosures relating to key management personnel

#### Shareholdings

The number of shares in the Company held during the financial year by each Director and other members of key management personnel of the Consolidated Entity, including their personally related parties, is set out below:

| Director           | Balance at<br>Beginning<br>of Year | Received as<br>Remuneration | Options<br>Exercised | Acquired/<br>(disposed) | Net Change<br>Other | Balance at<br>End of Year |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|
| R Weerasooriya     | 75,000,000                         | -                           | -                    | -                       | ## 12,500,000       | 87,500,000                |
| P Pawlowitsch      | 516,666                            | -                           | -                    | -                       | # (516,666)         | -                         |
| (resigned 25/7/14) |                                    |                             |                      |                         |                     |                           |
| J Matthews         | -                                  | -                           | -                    | 66,667                  | ## 200,000          | 266,667                   |
| B Munro            | 383,333                            | -                           | -                    | -                       | ## 400,000          | 783,333                   |
|                    | 75,899,999                         | -                           | -                    | 66,667                  | 12,583,334          | 88,550,000                |

# - Shares held at date of appointment or resignation, as applicable.

## - Shares issued upon conversion of convertible notes.

# **Option Holdings**

The number of options over ordinary shares in the Company held during the financial year by each Director and other members of key management personnel of the Consolidated Entity, including their personally related parties, is set out below:

| Director  | Balance at<br>Beginning<br>of Year | Received as<br>Remuneration | Options<br>Expired/<br>Cancelled | Net Change<br>Other | Balance at<br>End of Year | Number<br>Vested | Number<br>Exercisable |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| R Weerasooriya<br>P Pawlowitsch<br>(resigned 25/7/14) | 9,375,000<br>1,600,000             | 10,000,000<br>-             | -                                | -<br># (1,600,000)  | 19,375,000<br>-           | 19,375,000<br>-  | 14,375,000<br>-       |
| J Matthews  | 1,000,000                          | -                           | -                                | ## 150,000          | 1,150,000                 | 1,150,000        | 1,150,000             |
| B Munro   | 1,300,000                          | -                           | -                                | -                   | 1,300,000                 | 1,300,000        | 1,300,000             |
|   | 13,275,000                         | 10,000,000                  | -                                | (1,450,000)         | 21,825,000                | 21,825,000       | 16,825,000            |

# - Options held at date of appointment or resignation, as applicable.

## - Options received as attachment options to convertible notes issued.

# J. Other transactions with Key Management Personnel

During the previous financial period, effective 31 March 2014, the Company acquired Rewardle Pty Ltd. Mr Ruwan Weerasooriya, a Director of the Company was sole shareholder and vendor of the issued shares in Rewardle Pty Ltd. Mr Weerasooriya was issued 74,500,000 ordinary fully paid shares in the capital of Rewardle Holdings Limited. A loan totalling \$2,515,687 owed to Mr Weerasooriya by Rewardle Pty Ltd was repaid by the Company. \$2,500,000 of the loan was repaid through conversion into a convertible note in the Company with the remaining balance payable in cash. During the current year, the \$15,687 remaining balance was repaid to Mr Weerasooriya on 18 July 2014.

At 30 June 2015, the Company owed \$11,653 to Mr Weerasooriya for the reimbursement of business expenses. The Company entered into a lease for its principal place of business on Flinders Street in Melbourne which commenced on 1 July 2014 for an initial term of one year, with two further option terms of one year each. Mr Weerasooriya is the lessor under the lease. The option to extend this lease has not yet been executed and the lease is currently on a month by month basis. The rental paid on this lease during the year was \$24,753.

During the previous financial period, the Company entered into convertible note agreements with its Directors and also with unrelated parties. The convertible notes were issued with a conversion price of 20 cents per share and an interest rate of 12% per annum. Convertible note holders received attaching options expiring 30 June 2017, exercisable at 20 cents each, in lieu of an establishment fee. The attaching options were valued at \$0.06798 each using the Black-Scholes option valuation methodology. During the current year, on 12 September 2014, the Company issued shares and paid the accrued interest to note holders on conversion of their convertible notes.

| 2015<br>Director | Convertible<br>Notes<br>Outstanding<br>\$ | Attaching<br>Options<br>Received<br>No. | Attaching<br>Options<br>Value<br>\$ | 12% Interest<br>Received<br>\$ | Conversion<br>Shares<br>Received<br>No. |
|------------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| R Weerasooriya   | -   | -                                       | -                                   | 111,781                        | 12,500,000                              |
| P Pawlowitsch    | -   | -                                       | -                                   | 7,154                          | 800,000                                 |
| J Matthews       | -   | 150,000                                 | 10,197                              | 1,210                          | 200,000                                 |
| B Munro          | -   | -                                       | -                                   | 3,577                          | 400,000                                 |
|                  | -   | 150,000                                 | 10,197                              | 123,722                        | 13,900,000                              |

Amounts relating to convertible note agreements with the Directors are as follows:

| 2014           | Convertible<br>Notes | Attaching<br>Options | Attaching<br>Options | Accrued<br>Interest at |
|----------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| Director       | Principal<br>\$      | Received<br>No.      | Value<br>\$          | Period End<br>\$       |
| R Weerasooriya | 2,500,000            | 9,375,000            | 637,313              | 50,959                 |
| P Pawlowitsch  | 160,000              | 600,000              | 40,788               | 3,261                  |
| J Matthews     | 40,000               | -                    | -                    | 237                    |
| B Munro        | 80,000               | 300,000              | 20,394               | 1,631                  |
|                | 2,780,000            | 10,275,000           | 698 <i>,</i> 495     | 56,088                 |

This is the end of the Audited Remuneration Report.

#### **INSURANCE OF OFFICERS**

The Company has in place an insurance policy insuring Directors and Officers of the Company against any liability arising from a claim brought by a third party against the Company or its Directors and Officers, and against liabilities for costs and expenses incurred by them in defending any legal proceedings arising out of their conduct while acting in their capacity as a Director or officer of the Company, other than conduct involving a wilful breach of duty in relation to the Company.

In accordance with a confidentiality clause under the insurance policy, the amount of the premium paid to the insurers has not been disclosed. This is permitted under Section 300(9) of the Corporations Act 2001.

# SHARE OPTIONS

At the date of this report there were the following unissued ordinary shares for which options were outstanding:

- 19,225,000 unlisted options expiring 30 June 2017, exercisable at \$0.20 each
- 19,972,500 unlisted performance options expiring 7 February 2018, exercisable at \$0.20 each
- 836,500 unlisted performance options expiring 7 February 2018, exercisable at \$0.25 each
- 550,000 unlisted performance options expiring 7 February 2018, exercisable at \$0.30 each
- 1,000,000 unlisted options expiring 31 March 2018, exercisable at \$0.30 each

During the year the following options were issued:

- 3,700,000 options expiring 30 June 2017, exercisable at \$0.20 each
- 20,000,000 performance options expiring 7 February 2018, exercisable at \$0.20 each

No options were exercised or expired during the year.

Subsequent to year end and up to the date of this report, the options listed below have been issued:

- 60,000 performance options expiring 7 February 2018, exercisable at \$0.20 each
- 836,500 performance options expiring 7 February 2018, exercisable at \$0.25 each
- 550,000 performance options expiring 7 February 2018, exercisable at \$0.30 each
- 1,000,000 options expiring 31 March 2018, exercisable at \$0.30 each

Since the end of the financial year, 87,500 performance options expiring 7 February 2018 and 150,000 options expiring 30 June 2017 were exercised at \$0.20 each. At the date of this report, no options have expired.

No person entitled to exercise these options had or has any right, by virtue of the option, to participate in any share issue of any other body corporate.

#### LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The company was not a party to any legal proceedings during the year.

# PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE COMPANY

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings.

The Company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

# ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS

The Group is not currently subject to any specific environmental regulation under Australian Commonwealth or State law.

# **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

Under ASX Listing Rule 4.10.3 the Company's Corporate Governance Statement can be located at the URL on the Company's website being: : <u>http://rewardleholdings.com/corporate-policies/</u>

# AUDITOR

BDO East Coast Partnership continues in office in accordance with Section 327 of the Corporations Act 2001.

# **NON-AUDIT SERVICES**

There were no amounts paid or payable to the auditor for non-audit services provided during the year by the auditor other than those outlined in Note 4 to the financial statements.

The directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services during the financial year, by the auditor (or by another person or firm on the auditor's behalf), is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporation Act 2001.

The directors are of the opinion that the services as disclosed in Note 4 to the financial statements do not compromise the external auditor's independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed and approved to ensure that they do not impact the integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110
  Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board,
  including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision-making capacity for
  the company, acting as advocate for the company or jointly sharing economic risks and rewards.

# AUDITOR'S DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

The auditor's independence declaration for the year ended 30 June 2015, as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001, has been received and is included within the financial report.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors.

Ruwan Weerasooriya Managing Director 30 September 2015

|   |      | Conso       | olidated    |  |
|---|------|-------------|-------------|--|
|   |      | 2015        | 2014        |  |
|   | Note | \$          | \$          |  |
| Revenue   |      |             |             |  |
| Sales revenue   |      | 122,615     | 19,939      |  |
| Other revenue   | 2(a) | 1,116,039   | -           |  |
| Expenses  |      |             |             |  |
| Consulting fees   |      | (134,315)   | (34,544)    |  |
| Directors fees and benefits expense   |      | (183,187)   | -           |  |
| Employee benefits expense   |      | (2,130,794) | (401,105)   |  |
| Finance costs   |      | (573,948)   | (458,556)   |  |
| IT equipment  |      | (1,274,482) | (188,769)   |  |
| Legal fees  |      | (58,622)    | (57,062)    |  |
| Merchant and member network costs   |      | (693,222)   | (108,545)   |  |
| Share based payments  |      | (1,559,556) | (203,940)   |  |
| Other expenses  | 2(b) | (911,431)   | (153,682)   |  |
| Loss before income tax expense  |      | (6,280,903) | (1,586,264) |  |
| Income tax expense  | 3    |             | -           |  |
| Loss after Income Tax for the year/period   |      | (6,280,903) | (1,586,264) |  |
| Other comprehensive income  |      |             | _           |  |
| Other comprehensive income for the year/period, net of tax  |      | -           | -           |  |
| Total comprehensive loss attributable to members of the Rewardle Holdings Limited                             |      | (6,280,903) | (1,586,264) |  |
|   |      |             |             |  |
|   |      | Cents       | Cents       |  |
| Basic and diluted loss per share for the year/period attributable to the members of Rewardle Holdings Limited | 5    | (5.66)      | (3.22)      |  |

The above Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

|                             |      | Consolidated |             |  |
|-----------------------------|------|--------------|-------------|--|
|                             |      | 2015         | 2014        |  |
|                             | Note | \$           | \$          |  |
| ASSETS                      |      |              |             |  |
| Current Assets              |      |              |             |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents   | 6    | 4,859,008    | 454,287     |  |
| Trade and other receivables | 7    | 118,723      | 34,706      |  |
| Total Current Assets        |      | 4,977,731    | 488,993     |  |
| Non-Current Assets          |      |              |             |  |
| Trade and other receivables | 7    | 714          | 1,463       |  |
| Total Non-Current Assets    |      | 714          | 1,463       |  |
| Total Assets                |      | 4,978,445    | 490,456     |  |
| LIABILITIES                 |      |              |             |  |
| Current Liabilities         |      |              |             |  |
| Trade and other payables    | 8    | 228,039      | 200,949     |  |
| Provisions                  | 9    | 110,757      | 49,671      |  |
| Loans and borrowings        | 10   |              | 3,066,910   |  |
| Total Current Liabilities   |      | 338,796      | 3,317,530   |  |
| Total Liabilities           |      | 338,796      | 3,317,530   |  |
| Net Assets/(Liabilities)    |      | 4,639,649    | (2,827,074) |  |
|                             |      |              |             |  |
| EQUITY                      |      |              |             |  |
| Issued capital              | 11   | 12,306,202   | 220,101     |  |
| Reserves                    | 12   | 2,723,190    | 1,061,665   |  |
| Accumulated losses          |      | (10,389,743) | (4,108,840) |  |
| Total Equity                |      | 4,639,649    | (2,827,074) |  |

The above Consolidated Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

| Consolidated  | Issued<br>Capital<br>\$ | Accumulated<br>Losses<br>\$ | Reserves<br>\$ | Total<br>\$                 |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| 2015  |                         |                             |                |                             |
| Balance at 1 July 2014  | 220,101                 | (4,108,840)                 | 1,061,665      | (2,827,074)                 |
| Loss for period   | -                       | (6,280,903)                 | -              | (6,280,903)                 |
| Total comprehensive loss for the period   | -                       | (6,280,903)                 | -              | (6,280,903)                 |
| Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:                           |                         |                             |                |                             |
| Securities issued during the period   | 12,780,000              | -                           | -              | 12,780,000                  |
| Capital raising costs<br>Cost of share based payments                           | (693,899)               | -                           | -              | (693,899)                   |
| Cost of share based payments  | -                       | -                           | 1,661,525      | 1,661,525                   |
| Balance at 30 June 2015   | 12,306,202              | (10,389,743)                | 2,723,190      | 4,639,649                   |
| 2014<br>Incorporation at 25 March 2014  | -                       | -                           | -              | -                           |
| Loss for period   | -                       | (1,586,264)                 | -              | (1,586,264)                 |
| Total comprehensive loss for the period   | -                       | (1,586,264)                 | -              | (1,586,264)                 |
| Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:                           |                         |                             |                |                             |
| Securities issued during the period   | 11,396,001              | -                           | -              | 11,396,001                  |
| Capital raising costs<br>Cost of share based payments                           | -                       | -                           | -<br>1,065,587 | -<br>1,065,587              |
| cost of shale based payments  |                         |                             | 1,005,587      | 1,005,587                   |
| Consolidation adjustment on acquisition of<br>Rewardle Pty Ltd (refer note 17): |                         |                             |                |                             |
| Rewardle Holdings Limited<br>Rewardle Pty Ltd                                   | (11,176,000)<br>100     | 4,922<br>(2,527,498)        | (3,922)<br>-   | (11,175,000)<br>(2,527,398) |
| Balance at 30 June 2014   | 220,101                 | (4,108,840)                 | 1,061,665      | (2,827,074)                 |

The above Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

|   |      |                                  | idated                   |
|---|------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
|   | Nete | 2015                             | 2014                     |
|   | Note | \$                               | \$                       |
|   |      | Inflows/<br>(Outflows)           | Inflows/<br>(Outflows)   |
| Cash flows from operating activities  |      |                                  |                          |
| Receipts from customers<br>Payments to suppliers and employees<br>Interest received |      | 100,516<br>(5,329,874)<br>43,463 | 10,370<br>(767,136)<br>- |
| R&D tax offset refund received<br>Interest and other finance costs paid             |      | 1,072,576<br>(170,858)           | -                        |
| Net cash (used in)/operating activities   | 6(a) | (4,284,177)                      | (756,766)                |
| Cash flows from investing activities  |      |                                  |                          |
| Acquisition of cash<br>Payment of security deposit                                  |      | -<br>(986)                       | 7,552                    |
| Net cash (used in)/provided by investing activities                                 |      | (986)                            | 7,552                    |
| Cash flows from financing activities  |      |                                  |                          |
| Proceeds from issue of shares<br>Payment of capital raising costs                   |      | 9,067,500<br>(591,929)           | 233,501                  |
| Proceeds from borrowings<br>Repayment of borrowings                                 |      | 260,000<br>(45,687)              | 970,000                  |
| Net cash provided by financing activities   |      | 8,689,884                        | 1,203,501                |
| Net increase in cash held   |      | 4,404,721                        | 454,287                  |
| Cash at beginning of the financial year/period                                      |      | 454,287                          | -                        |
| Cash at end of the financial year/period  | 6    | 4,859,008                        | 454,287                  |

The above Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

#### (a) Basis of Preparation

These consolidated financial statements and notes represent those of Rewardle Holdings Limited and controlled entities ("Group" or "Consolidated Entity").

The financial report is a general purpose financial report, which has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Corporations Act 2001, Australian Accounting Standards and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board. The Group is a for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs modified by the revaluation of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities for which the fair value basis of accounting has been applied.

Rewardle Holdings Limited ("Company" or "Parent Entity") is a company limited by shares incorporated in Australia. The nature of the operations and principal activities of the Group are described in the Directors Report.

The Company was incorporated on 25 March 2014 with the first accounting period ending 30 June 2014. Comparative information disclosed for 2014 therefore relates to this period.

The separate financial statements of the parent entity, Rewardle Holdings Limited, have not been presented within this financial report as permitted by the Corporations Act 2001.

#### (b) Going concern basis

For the year ended 30 June 2015 the consolidated entity had an operating net loss of \$6,280,903 (2014: \$1,586,264) and net cash outflows from operating activities of \$4,284,177 (2014: \$756,766). As of that date, the Group had net current assets of \$4,638,935 (2014: \$2,828,537 net liabilities), including cash of \$4,859,008 (2014: \$454,287).

The consolidated entity is expecting to commence monetisation of the Network, initially through Brand Partnerships, as demonstrated with partnerships already announced with Air Asia, Quickflix and Nestle, in the 2016 financial year.

The ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon a number of factors, one being the continuation and availability of funds. The financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the consolidated entity is a going concern, which contemplates the continuity of its business, realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

To this end, the consolidated entity is expecting to fund ongoing obligations through capital raising activities to the extent that it may be required. The Directors are confident that the Group will be successful in raising the required capital, due to the success the Company had previously in its capital raisings.

Based on the above and cash flow forecasts prepared, the directors are of the opinion that the basis upon which the financial statements are prepared is appropriate in the circumstances.

# (b) Going concern basis (Cont.)

These conditions indicate a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the consolidated entity's ability to continue as a going concern. Should the consolidated entity be unable to continue as a going concern, it may be required to realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities other than in the ordinary course of business, and at amounts that differ from those stated in the financial statements. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets amounts or to the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessarily incurred should the consolidated entity not continue as a going concern.

# (c) New and amended standards adopted by the Group

The Group has adopted all of the new, revised or amending Accounting Standards and interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new, revised or amending Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

The adoption of these Accounting Standards and Interpretations did not have any significant impact on the financial performance or position of the Group.

The following Accounting Standards and interpretations are most relevant to the Group:

# AASB 2012-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

The consolidated entity has applied AASB 2012-3 from 1 July 2014. The amendments add application guidance to address inconsistencies in the application of the offsetting criteria in AASB 132 'Financial Instruments: Presentation', by clarifying the meaning of 'currently has a legally enforceable right to set-off'; and clarifies that some gross settlement systems may be considered to be equivalent to net settlement.

# AASB 2013-3 Amendments to AASB 136 – Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets

The consolidated entity has applied AASB 2013-3 from 1 July 2014. The disclosure requirements of AASB 136 'Impairment of Assets' have been enhanced to require additional information about the fair value measurement when the recoverable amount of impaired assets is based on fair value less costs of disposals. Additionally, if measured using a present value technique, the discount rate is required to be disclosed.

## (c) New and amended standards adopted by the Group (Cont.)

#### AASB 2014-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards (Parts A to C)

The consolidated entity has applied Parts A to C of AASB 2014-1 from 1 July 2014. These amendments affect the following standards: AASB 2 'Stare-based Payment': clarifies the definition of 'vesting condition' by separately defining a 'performance condition' and a 'service condition' and amends the definition of 'market condition'; AASB 3 'Business Combinations': clarifies that contingent consideration in a business combination is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss irrespective of whether the contingent consideration is within the scope of AASB 9; AASB 8 'Operating Segments': amended to require disclosures of judgements made in applying the aggregation criteria and clarifies that a reconciliation of the total reportable segment assets to the entity's assets is required only if segment assets are reported regularly to the chief operation decision maker; AASB 13 'Fair Value Measurement': clarifies that the portfolio exemption applies to the valuation of contracts within the scope of AASB 9 and AASB 139; AASB 116 'Property, Plant and Equipment' and AASB 138 'Intangible Assets': clarifies that on revaluation, restatement of accumulated depreciation will not necessarily be in the same proportion to the change in the gross carrying value of the asset; AASB 124 'Related Party Disclosures': extends the definition of 'related party' to include a management entity that provides KMP services to the entity or its parent and requires disclosure of the fees paid to the management entity; AASB 140 'Investment Property': clarifies that the acquisition of an investment property may constitute a business combination.

#### (d) Statement of Compliance

The financial report was authorised for issue on 30 September 2015.

The financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes thereto, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

#### (e) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of Rewardle Holdings Limited ("Company" or "Parent Entity") and its subsidiaries as at 30 June each year ("Consolidated Entity" or "Group"). Control is achieved where the company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting year as the parent company, using consistent accounting policies.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, all intercompany balances and transactions, income and expenses and profit and losses resulting from intra-group transactions have been eliminated in full.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and cease to be consolidated from the date on which control is transferred out of the Group. Control exists where the company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing when the Group controls another entity.

#### (e) Basis of consolidation (Cont.)

Business combinations have been accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting (refer note 1(f)).

Unrealised gains or transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets in subsidiaries not held by the Group and are presented separately in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position. Losses are attributed to the non-controlling interests even if that results in a deficit balance.

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control as transactions with equity owners of the Group. A change in ownership interest results in an adjustment between the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests to reflect their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount of the adjustment to non-controlling interests and any consideration paid or received is recognised within equity attributable to owners of the Company.

When the group ceases to have control, joint control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint controlled entity or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

# (f) Business combinations

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations, including business combinations involving entities or business under common control, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises the fair value of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred also includes the fair value of any contingent consideration arrangement and the fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary. Acquisition-related costs are expenses as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. On an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, the Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable assets.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the subsidiary acquired and the measurement of all amounts has been reviewed, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss as a bargain purchase.

Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the entity's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions.

#### (f) Business combinations (Cont.)

Contingent consideration is classified as either equity or a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are subsequently remeasured to fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

#### (g) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns, trade allowances and duties and taxes paid.

Interest revenue is recognised as it accrues, taking into account the effective yield on the financial asset.

## (h) Research and development tax refund

The Group has adopted the income approach to accounting for research and development tax offset pursuant to AASB 120 'Accounting for Government Grant and Disclosure of Government Assistance' whereby the incentive is recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises the eligible expenses.

#### (i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash at bank and in hand. Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as described above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

## (j) Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, less provision for impairment. Trade receivables are due for settlement within 30 days from the date of recognition. Collectability of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off.

An allowance account for doubtful receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. Cash flows relating to short-term receivables are not discounted if the effect of discounting is immaterial. The amount of the provision is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. When a trade receivable for which an impairment allowance has been recognised becomes uncollectable in a subsequent period, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

# (k) Income Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred income tax is provided on all temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences except:

- when the deferred income tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and that, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; or
- when the taxable temporary difference is associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates or interests in joint ventures, and the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry-forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred income tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; or
- when the deductible temporary difference is associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates or interests in joint ventures, in which case a deferred tax asset is only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary difference will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised.

Unrecognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Income taxes relating to items recognised directly in equity are recognised in equity and not in profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset only if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

The amount of benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future is based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in income legislation and the anticipation that the Group will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

#### (I) Other taxes

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except:

- when the GST incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- receivables and payables, which are stated with the amount of GST included.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are included in the cash flow statement on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority are classified as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

# (m) Financial assets

Financial assets in the scope of AASB 139 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* are classified as either financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, or available-for-sale investments, as appropriate. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transactions costs. The Group determines the classification of its financial assets after initial recognition and, when allowed and appropriate, re-evaluates this designation at each financial year-end.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date i.e. the date that the Group commits to purchase the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets under contracts that require delivery of the assets within the period established generally by regulation or convention in the marketplace

#### (i) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the loans and receivables are derecognised or impaired, as well as through the amortisation process.

# (n) Impairment of assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets and the asset's value in use cannot be estimated to be close to its fair value. In such cases the asset is tested for impairment as part of the cash-generating unit to which it belongs. When the carrying amount of an asset or cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset or cash-generating unit is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

#### (n) Impairment of assets (Cont.)

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Impairment losses relating to continuing operations are recognised in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset unless the asset is carried at revalued amount (in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease).

An assessment is also made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods. Such reversal is recognised in profit or loss unless the asset is carried at revalued amount, in which case the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase. After such a reversal the depreciation charge is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less any residual value, on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

#### (o) Trade and other payables

Trade payables and other payables are carried at amortised costs and represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the Group becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

# (p) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate assets but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability.

When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a borrowing cost.

#### (q) Employee benefits

#### Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and long service leave expenses to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

#### (q) Employee benefits (Cont.)

#### Other long-term employee benefits

The liability for annual leave and long service leave not expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date is measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on corporate bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

#### (r) Share-based payment transactions

The Group provides benefits to employees (including senior executives) of the Group in the form of sharebased payments, whereby employees render services in exchange for shares or rights over shares (equitysettled transactions).

When provided, the cost of these equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined using the Black-Scholes model or the binomial option valuation model.

In valuing equity-settled transactions, no account is taken of any performance conditions, other than conditions linked to the price of the shares of Rewardle Holdings Limited (market conditions) if applicable.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award (the vesting period).

The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until vesting date reflects (i) the extent to which the vesting period has expired and (ii) the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. No adjustment is made for the likelihood of market performance conditions being met as the effect of these conditions is included in the determination of fair value at grant date. The statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income charge or credit for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for awards where vesting is only conditional upon a market condition.

If the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment arrangement, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee, as measured at the date of modification.

If an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award and designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new award are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect, if any, of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.
#### (s) Issued capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options for the acquisition of a new business are not included in the cost of acquisition as part of the purchase consideration.

# (t) Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors of the Company.

#### (u) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated as net profit attributable to members of the parent, adjusted to exclude any costs of servicing equity (other than dividends) and preference share dividends, divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares, adjusted for any bonus element.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated as net profit attributable to members of the parent, adjusted for:

- costs of servicing equity (other than dividends) and preference share dividends;
- the after tax effect of dividends and interest associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares that have been recognised as expenses; and
- other non-discretionary changes in revenues or expenses during the period that would result from the dilution of potential ordinary shares; divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares and dilutive potential ordinary shares, adjusted for any bonus element.

#### (v) Finance costs

Finance costs attributable to qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the asset. All other finance costs are expensed in the year in which they are incurred, including interest on short-term borrowings.

#### (w) Borrowings

All loans and borrowings are initially recognised at cost, being the fair value of the consideration received net of issue costs associated with the borrowing. Interest calculated using the effective interest rate method is accrued over the period it becomes due and increases the carrying amount of the liability.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the statement of financial position date.

On the issue of the convertible notes the fair value of the liability component is determined using a market rate for an equivalent non-convertible bond and this amount is carried as a non-current liability on the amortised cost basis until extinguished on conversion or redemption. The increase in the liability due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost. The remainder of the proceeds are allocated to the conversion option that is recognised and included in shareholders equity as a convertible note reserve, net of transaction costs. The carrying amount of the conversion option is not remeasured in the subsequent periods. The corresponding interest on convertible notes is expensed to profit or loss.

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont.)

#### (x) Accounting Estimates and Judgments

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made certain judgments or estimations which have an effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements.

The carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities are often determined based on estimates and assumptions of future events. The key estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting period are:

## (i) Impairment of assets

In determining the recoverable amount of assets, in the absence of quoted market prices, estimations are made regarding the present value of future cash flows using asset-specific discount rates and the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. Value-in-use calculations performed in assessing recoverable amounts incorporate a number of key estimates. No assets were subject to impairment testing at 30 June 2015.

## (ii) Share-based payment transactions

The Group measures the cost of equity-settled transactions by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined from market value using the Black Scholes method.

## *(iii)* Deferred tax balances

Deferred Tax Balances have not been recognised as it is not probable that they can be recovered.

|   | Conso       | lidated     |
|---|-------------|-------------|
|   | 2015        | 2014        |
|   | \$          | \$          |
| 2. Revenue and Expenses   |             |             |
| a) Other Revenue  |             |             |
| nterest   | 43,463      | -           |
| Research and development tax incentive                                  | 1,072,576   | -           |
|   | 1,116,039   | -           |
| b) Other Expenses   |             |             |
| Advertising   | 81,649      | 11,715      |
| Audit fees  | 41,000      | 14,000      |
| Company secretarial, compliance and accounting                          | 128,404     | 37,235      |
| Doubtful debt expense   | 7,907       | 7,335       |
| reight  | 49,206      | 12,939      |
| Payroll tax   | 75,129      | 25,143      |
| Rent  | 85,538      | 5,545       |
| Security exchange and registry fees                                     | 109,241     | -           |
| Telephone   | 70,762      | 13,249      |
| Fravel costs  | 106,253     | 7,858       |
| Dther   | 156,342     | 18,663      |
|   | 911,431     | 153,682     |
| B. Income Tax   |             |             |
| a) Income Tax Expense   |             |             |
| The income tax expense for the year/period differs from the prima       |             |             |
| acie tax as follows:  |             |             |
| oss for year/period   | (6,280,903) | (1,586,264) |
|   | (-,,,       | ( // - /    |
| rima facie income tax (benefit) @ 30% (2014: 30%)                       | (1,884,271) | (475,879)   |
| ax effect of non-deductible/(non-assessable) items                      | 303,912     | 195,085     |
| Deferred tax assets not brought to account                              | 1,580,359   | 280,794     |
| otal income tax expense   | -           | -           |
| b) Deferred Tax Assets  |             |             |
| Deferred tax assets not brought to account arising from tax losses, the |             |             |
| penefits of which will only be realised if the conditions for           |             |             |
| eductibility set out in note 1(k) occur:                                | 1,907,789   | 280,794     |
| There are no franking credits available to the Group.                   |             |             |
|   |             |             |
| c) Deferred Tax Liability   |             |             |

|  | Consolidated |                        |
|--|--------------|------------------------|
|  | 2015         | 2014                   |
|  | \$           | \$                     |
| 4. Auditors' Remuneration  |              |                        |
| The auditor of Rewardle Holdings Limited is BDO East Coast Partnership.  |              |                        |
| Amounts, received or due and receivable by BDO East Coast Partnership for:   |              |                        |
| audit or review services   | 41,000       | 14,000                 |
| other non-audit services   | -            | 7,500                  |
|  | 41,000       | 21,500                 |
|  | <b>•</b> •   |                        |
|  | Cents        | Cents                  |
| Basic earnings per share/diluted earnings per share  | (5.66)       | <b>Cents</b><br>(3.22) |
| Basic earnings per share/diluted earnings per share<br>The earnings and weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the<br>calculation of basic earnings per share is as follows: |              |                        |
| The earnings and weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the  |              |                        |
| The earnings and weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share is as follows:   | (5.66)       | (3.22)                 |

|   | Consolidated |             |
|---|--------------|-------------|
|   | 2015         | 2014        |
|   | \$           | \$          |
| 6. Cash and Cash Equivalents  |              |             |
| Cash at bank  | 4,859,008    | 454,287     |
| Cash at bank earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates.            |              |             |
| This should be read in conjunction with note 19 on Financial Risk Management                |              |             |
| (a) Reconciliation of loss for the year/period to net cash flows from operating activities: |              |             |
| Loss for the year/period  | (6,280,903)  | (1,586,264) |
| Non-cash flows in profit  |              |             |
| Equity settled share based payment  | 2,031,866    | 593,277     |
| Changes in assets and liabilities   |              |             |
| Increase in trade and other receivables   | (84,760)     | (14,399)    |
| (Decrease)/Increase in trade and other payables   | (11,466)     | 200,949     |
| Increase in provisions  | 61,086       | 49,671      |
| Net cash outflows from operating activities   | (4,284,177)  | (756,766)   |

# (b) Non-cash financing and investing activities

During the year, the Company issued 18,500,000 ordinary fully paid shares upon conversion of convertible notes with a face value of \$3,700,000. The Company also issued 1,500,000 brokers options expiring 30 June 2017, exercisable at 20 cents each, as consideration for capital raising services valued at \$101,970.

During the previous financial period, the Company acquired all the shares in Rewardle Pty Ltd by issuing 74,500,000 ordinary fully paid shares at 15 cents each to the vendor and agreeing to repay a loan of \$2,515,687 on behalf of the vendor. An amount of \$2,500,000 of the total loan amount was repaid through conversion into a convertible note in the Company. Refer note 16.

|                                   | Consoli | Consolidated |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|---------|--------------|--|--|
|                                   | 2015    | 2014         |  |  |
|                                   | \$      | \$           |  |  |
| 7. Trade and Other Receivables    |         |              |  |  |
| Current                           |         |              |  |  |
| Trade receivables                 | 28,471  | 18,335       |  |  |
| Less: Provision for doubtful debt | -       | (7,335)      |  |  |
|                                   | 28,471  | 11,000       |  |  |
| Other receivables                 | 90,252  | 23,706       |  |  |
|                                   | 118,723 | 34,706       |  |  |

Terms and conditions relating to the above financial instruments:

• Trade and other receivables are non-interest bearing and generally repayable within 30-60 days.

| Non-Current    |     |       |
|----------------|-----|-------|
| Employee loans | 714 | 1,463 |
|                |     |       |

The employee loans are non-interest bearing. No employee loans are past due or impaired.

Refer to risk management note 19.

# Impaired trade receivables

The Group recognised a loss of \$7,907 (2014: \$7,335) in profit or loss in respect of impairment of trade receivables for the year ended 30 June 2015.

Impairment losses:

| - individually impaired trade receivables | -       | -       |
|---|---------|---------|
| - movement in provision for impairment    | (7,907) | (7,335) |

Movements in the provision for impairment of trade receivables that are assessed for impairment collectively are as follows:

| Opening balance  | 7,335    | -     |
|--|----------|-------|
| Additional provisions recognised                         | 7,907    | 7,335 |
| Receivables written off during the year as uncollectable | (15,242) | -     |
| Closing balance  | -        | 7,335 |

|  | Consolidated |            |
|--|--------------|------------|
|  | 2015         | 2014<br>\$ |
|  | \$           |            |
| 7. Trade and Other Receivables (Continued)                               |              |            |
| Past due but not impaired  |              |            |
| At 30 June 2015, the ageing analysis of trade receivables is as follows: |              |            |
| 0 – 30 days – not past due   | 890          | 6,380      |
| 31 – 60 days – not past due  | 2,054        | 3,520      |
| 61 – 90 days - past due but not impaired                                 | 2,313        | -          |
| 61 – 90 days - considered impaired                                       | -            | 625        |
| Over 90 days - past due but not impaired                                 | 23,214       | 1,100      |
| Over 90 days - considered impaired                                       | -            | 6,710      |

As at 30 June 2015, trade receivables of \$25,527 (2014: \$1,100) were past due but not impaired. The Group did not consider a credit risk on the aggregate balances after reviewing the credit terms of customers based on recent collection practices.

The other classes within trade and other receivables do not contain impaired assets and are not past due. Based on the credit history of these classes, it is expected that these amounts will be received when due.

| 8. Trade and Other Payables |         |         |
|-----------------------------|---------|---------|
|                             |         |         |
| Current                     |         |         |
| Trade payables              | 108,477 | 105,356 |
| Other payables              | 107,909 | 74,179  |
| Loan from director          | 11,653  | 21,414  |
|                             | 228,039 | 200,949 |

Terms and conditions relating to the above financial instruments:

- Trade and other payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 30 day terms.
- The loan from director is unsecured and non-interest bearing.
- Due to the short term nature of the above financial instruments, their carrying value is assumed to approximate their fair value.
- Amounts are expected to be settled within twelve months, refer to risk management note 19.

# 9. Provisions

## Current Employee benefits

**110,757** 49,671

28,471

18,335

Employee benefits represent annual leave entitlements of employees within the Group and is non-interest bearing. The entire obligation is presented as current, since the Group does not have a right to defer settlement.

|   | Consc      | olidated   |
|---|------------|------------|
|   | 2015<br>\$ | 2014<br>\$ |
| 10. Loans and Borrowings                          |            |            |
| Current   |            |            |
| Unsecured – Interest bearing<br>Convertible notes |            | 3,066,910  |

During the year, the Company had on issue convertible notes with a face value of \$3,700,000 ("principal"), a conversion price of 20 cents per share and an interest rate of 12% per annum. The principal amount was converted into 18,500,000 ordinary fully paid shares on 12 September 2014 and the accrued interest of \$157,548 paid in cash. The convertible notes also had 13,875,000 attaching options expiring 30 June 2017, exercisable at 20 cents each. The attaching options have been issued in lieu of an establishment fee.

12,306,202

220,101

## 11. Issued Capital

# (a) Issued and paid up capital

Ordinary shares - fully paid

| (b) Movement in ordinary shares on issue 2015    |             | .5         | 2014       |              |
|--|-------------|------------|------------|--------------|
|  | Number      | \$         | Number     | \$           |
| <u>Ordinary shares – fully paid</u>              |             |            |            |              |
| Balance at beginning of year                     | 76,966,665  | 220,101    | -          | -            |
| Issued on incorporation for cash – 25 March 2014 | -           | -          | 1,000,000  | 1,000        |
| Issued for cash – April 2014                     | -           | -          | 1,466,665  | 220,001      |
| Issued for cash – July 2014                      | 533,335     | 80,000     | -          | -            |
| Issued as part consideration for acquisition of  |             |            |            |              |
| Rewardle Pty Ltd – 30 April 2014                 | -           | -          | 74,500,000 | 11,175,000   |
| Consolidation adjustment on acquisition of       |             |            |            |              |
| Rewardle Pty Ltd (note 16):                      |             |            |            |              |
| - Rewardle Holdings Ltd                          | -           | -          | -          | (11,176,000) |
| - Rewardle Pty Ltd                               | -           | -          | -          | 100          |
| Issued on conversion of convertible notes – 12   |             |            |            |              |
| September 2014                                   | 18,500,000  | 3,700,000  | -          | -            |
| Issued for cash pursuant to prospectus – 30      |             |            |            |              |
| September 2014                                   | 20,000,000  | 4,000,000  | -          | -            |
| Expenses of issue                                | -           | (366,719)  | -          | -            |
| Issued for cash pursuant to placement – 2 April  |             |            |            |              |
| 2015   | 15,151,515  | 5,000,000  | -          | -            |
| Expenses of issue                                | -           | (327,180)  | -          | -            |
| Balance at end of year                           | 131,151,515 | 12,306,202 | 76,966,665 | 220,101      |

# 11. Issued Capital (Continued)

# (c) Share options

At the end of the year, the following options over unissued ordinary shares were outstanding:

- 19,375,000 options expiring 30 June 2017, exercisable at 20 cents each; and
- 20,000,000 performance options expiring 7 February 2018, exercisable at 20 cents each.

## (d) Terms and conditions of issued capital

Ordinary shares have the right to receive dividends as declared and, in the event of winding up the company, to participate in proceeds from the sale of all surplus assets in proportion to the number of and amounts paid up on shares held.

Ordinary shares entitle their holder to one vote, either in person or by proxy, at a meeting of the company.

Refer to capital risk management note 19.

|                |  | Consolidated        |           |
|----------------|--|---------------------|-----------|
|                |  | 2015                | 2014      |
|                | -  | \$                  | \$        |
| 1 <b>2</b> . / | Reserves   |                     |           |
| Option is:     | sue reserve  | 2,727,112           | 1,065,587 |
| Acquisitic     | on reserve   | (3,922)             | (3,922    |
|                | _  | 2,723,190           | 1,061,665 |
| Option is      | sue reserve  |                     |           |
|                | re and purpose of reserve  |                     |           |
| •              | on issue reserve is used to accumulate amounts received on the issue of and records items recognised as expenses on valuation of incentive           |                     |           |
| -              | are options.   |                     |           |
| . ,            | ements in reserve  |                     |           |
|                | it beginning of year<br>ncentive based share options – service options   | 1,065,587<br>67,980 | 203,940   |
|                | ssued as establishment fee on convertible notes – attaching  | 07,580              | 203,940   |
| options        | ······   | 81,575              | 861,647   |
|                | ncentive based share options – performance options   | 1,410,000           |           |
| -              | ssued as consideration for capital raising services – broker   |                     |           |
| options        | -  | 101,970             |           |
| Balance a      | it end of year =   | 2,727,112           | 1,065,587 |
| Acquisitio     | on reserve   |                     |           |
|                | ure and purpose of reserve   |                     |           |
| -              | f the acquisition of Rewardle Pty Ltd (refer note 16), the equity balances   |                     |           |
|                | nsolidated Entity would be that of the operating entity, Rewardle Pty Ltd<br>to be the "acquirer" for accounting purposes). The resulting difference |                     |           |
|                | the equity balances of Rewardle Holdings Limited and that of Rewardle  |                     |           |
|                | recognised in the acquisition reserve.   |                     |           |
| · · ·          | vements in reserve   |                     |           |
|                | t beginning of year<br>Initian issued capital of Bowardla Heldings Limitad   | (3,922)             | 1 000     |
| Pre-acqui      | sition issued capital of Rewardle Holdings Limited   | -                   | 1,000     |

| Pre-acquisition issued capital of Rewardle Holdings Limited | -       | 1,000   |
|---|---------|---------|
| Pre-acquisition accumulated losses of Rewardle Holdings Ltd | -       | (4,922) |
| Balance at end of year                                      | (3,922) | (3,922) |

|   | Consoli    | dated      |
|---|------------|------------|
|   | 2015<br>\$ | 2014<br>\$ |
| 13. Commitments   |            |            |
| Operating lease commitments   |            |            |
| Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not recognised in the financial statements: |            |            |
| Payable – minimum lease payments  |            |            |
| - Not later than one year   | 17,915     | 34,100     |
| - After one year but not more than five years   |            | -          |
|   | 17,915     | 34,100     |

The premises lease for the Company's principal place of business commenced on 1 July 2014 for an initial term of one year, with two further option terms of one year each. Ruwan Weerasooriya, a Director of the Company, is the lessor under the lease. Rental for the first year is \$24,750 plus outgoings of approximately \$9,350. On each anniversary of the lease commencement date, the rent will be increased in accordance with the consumer price index. Currently the lease is on a month by month basis.

The lease for the Sydney office premises commenced on 10 December 2014 for a period of one year with an option to renew for another year. The rent for the first year is \$34,510.

#### 14. Contingent Liabilities

The Group has no material contingent liabilities as at the date of this report (2014: nil).

#### **15.** Financial Reporting by Segments

The Group has identified its operating segments based on the internal reports that are used by the Board (the chief operating decision makers) in assessing performance and in determining the allocation of resources.

The Board as a whole will regularly review the identified segments in order to allocate resources to the segment and to assess its performance.

The Board considers that the Group has only operated in one segment, being operating as a Digital Customer Engagement platform for local SME merchants.

Where applicable, corporate costs, finance costs, and interest revenue are not allocated to segments as they are not considered part of the core operations of the segments and are managed on a Group basis.

The consolidated entity is domiciled in Australia. All revenue from external customers is generated from Australia only. Segment revenues are allocated based on the country in which the project is located.

Revenues were not derived from a single external customer.

During the previous financial period, effective 31 March 2014, the Company acquired 100% of the issued shares of Rewardle Pty Ltd by issuing 74,500,000 shares to the vendor, the vendor being Mr Ruwan Weerasooriya, a Director of the Company. As part of the consideration, the Company repaid a loan totalling \$2,515,687 owed to the vendor by Rewardle Pty Ltd. \$2,500,000 of the loan was repaid through conversion into a convertible note in the Company with the remaining balance paid in cash.

The consideration paid gives the vendor a controlling interest in the Company following the acquisition, equating to a controlling interest in the Consolidated Entity. Rewardle Pty Ltd has thus been deemed the acquirer for accounting purposes as it owns 98.68% (74,500,000 / 75,500,000 shares) of the Consolidated Entity following the acquisition. The acquisition of Rewardle Pty Ltd by Rewardle Holdings Limited is not deemed to be a business combination, as Rewardle Holdings Limited is not considered to be a business under *AASB 3 Business Combinations*.

As such, the consolidation of these two companies is on the basis of the continuation of Rewardle Pty Ltd with no fair value adjustments, whereby Rewardle Pty Ltd is deemed to be the accounting parent. Therefore, the preacquisition equity balances of Rewardle Holdings Limited (totalling \$1,000 of issued capital and \$4,922 of accumulated losses) are eliminated against the reserves on consolidation.

#### **17.** *Related Party Transactions*

## (a) Subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Rewardle Holdings Limited and the subsidiaries listed in the following table:

|                  | County of     |                 |          |          |
|------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------|----------|
|                  | Incorporation | Class of Shares | % Equity | Interest |
|                  |               |                 | 2015     | 2014     |
| Rewardle Pty Ltd | Australia     | Ordinary        | 100%     | 100%     |

# (b) Parent entity

Rewardle Holdings Limited is the ultimate Australian parent entity and ultimate parent of the Group.

# (c) Key management personnel

Refer to the remuneration report contained in the Directors' Report for details of the remuneration paid or payable to each member of the consolidated entity's key management personnel for the year ended 30 June 2015.

The totals of remuneration paid to key management personnel of the company during the year are as follows:

|                          | Consolidated |         |  |  |
|--------------------------|--------------|---------|--|--|
|                          | 2015 20      |         |  |  |
|                          | \$           | \$      |  |  |
| Short-term benefits      | 167,294      | -       |  |  |
| Post-employment benefits | 15,893       | -       |  |  |
| Share-based payments     | 705,000      | 203,940 |  |  |
|                          | 888,187      | 203,940 |  |  |

#### 17. Related Party Transactions (Continued)

#### (d) Other transactions with Key Management Personnel

During the previous financial period, effective 31 March 2014, the Company acquired Rewardle Pty Ltd. Mr Ruwan Weerasooriya, a Director of the Company was sole shareholder and vendor of the issued shares in Rewardle Pty Ltd. Mr Weerasooriya was issued 74,500,000 ordinary fully paid shares in the capital of Rewardle Holdings Limited. A loan totalling \$2,515,687 owed to Mr Weerasooriya by Rewardle Pty Ltd was repaid by the Company. \$2,500,000 of the loan was repaid through conversion into a convertible note in the Company with the remaining balance payable in cash. During the current year, the \$15,687 remaining balance was repaid to Mr Weerasooriya on 18 July 2014.

At 30 June 2015, the Company owed \$11,653 to Mr Weerasooriya for the reimbursement of business expenses. The Company entered into a lease for its principal place of business on Flinders Street in Melbourne which commenced on 1 July 2014 for an initial term of one year, with two further option terms of one year each. Mr Weerasooriya is the lessor under the lease. The option to extend this lease has not yet been executed and the lease is currently on a month by month basis. The rental paid on this lease during the year was \$24,753.

During the previous financial period, the Company entered into convertible note agreements with its Directors and also with unrelated parties. The convertible notes were issued with a conversion price of 20 cents per share and an interest rate of 12% per annum. Convertible note holders received attaching options expiring 30 June 2017, exercisable at 20 cents each, in lieu of an establishment fee. The attaching options were valued at \$0.06798 each using the Black-Scholes option valuation methodology. During the current year, on 12 September 2014, the Company issued shares and paid the accrued interest to note holders on conversion of their convertible notes.

| 2015<br>Director | Convertible<br>Notes<br>Outstanding<br>\$ | Attaching<br>Options<br>Received<br>No. | Attaching<br>Options<br>Value<br>\$ | 12% Interest<br>Received<br>\$ | Conversion<br>Shares<br>Received<br>No. |
|------------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| R Weerasooriya   | -   | -                                       | -                                   | 111,781                        | 12,500,000                              |
| P Pawlowitsch    | -   | -                                       | -                                   | 7,154                          | 800,000                                 |
| J Matthews       | -   | 150,000                                 | 10,197                              | 1,210                          | 200,000                                 |
| B Munro          | -   | -                                       | -                                   | 3,577                          | 400,000                                 |
|                  | -   | 150,000                                 | 10,197                              | 123,722                        | 13,900,000                              |
| 2014             | Comment'il la                             |   |                                     | <b>A</b> annual <b>1</b>       |   |
| 2014             | Convertible<br>Notes                      | Attaching<br>Options                    | Attaching<br>Options                | Accrued<br>Interest at         |   |
| Director         | Principal<br>\$                           | Received<br>No.                         | Value<br>\$                         | Period End<br>\$               |   |

Amounts relating to convertible note agreements with the Directors are as follows:

| 2014           | Convertible<br>Notes | Attaching<br>Options | Attaching<br>Options | Accrued<br>Interest at |
|----------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| Director       | Principal<br>\$      | Received<br>No.      | Value<br>\$          | Period End<br>\$       |
| R Weerasooriya | 2,500,000            | 9,375,000            | 637,313              | 50,959                 |
| P Pawlowitsch  | 160,000              | 600,000              | 40,788               | 3,261                  |
| J Matthews     | 40,000               | -                    | -                    | 237                    |
| B Munro        | 80,000               | 300,000              | 20,394               | 1,631                  |
|                | 2,780,000            | 10,275,000           | 698,495              | 56,088                 |

#### 18. Parent Entity Disclosures

## (a) Summary financial information

| 2015   2014     \$   \$     Financial Position     Assets   4,577,672   438,696     Current Assets   4,577,672   438,696     Non-current asset   -   -     Total assets   4,577,672   438,696     Liabilities   4,577,672   438,696     Current Liabilities   4,577,672   438,696     Current Liabilities   82,143   3,135,915     Total liabilities   82,143   3,135,915     Equity   82,143   3,135,915     Issued capital   23,482,102   11,396,001     Reserves   2,727,112   1,065,587     Accumulated losses   (2,173,685)   (15,158,807)     Total equity   4,495,529   (2,697,219)     Financial Performance   -   -     Loss for the year   (6,554,878)   (15,158,807)     Other comprehensive income   -   -     Total comprehensive loss   (5,554,878)   (15,158,807) |                          | Parent           |              |  |
|--|--------------------------|------------------|--------------|--|
| Financial Position   Assets   Current Assets 4,577,672 438,696   Non-current asset - -   Total assets 4,577,672 438,696   Liabilities 4,577,672 438,696   Current Liabilities 4,577,672 438,696   Current Liabilities 4,577,672 438,696   Current Liabilities 82,143 3,135,915   Total liabilities 82,143 3,135,915   Equity 82,143 3,135,915   Issued capital 23,482,102 11,396,001   Reserves 2,727,112 1,065,587   Accumulated losses (21,713,685) (15,158,807)   Total equity 4,495,529 (2,697,219)   Financial Performance Loss for the year (6,554,878) (15,158,807)   Other comprehensive income - - -  |                          | 2015             | 2014         |  |
| Assets 4,577,672 438,696   Current Assets - -   Total assets 4,577,672 438,696   Liabilities 4,577,672 438,696   Current Liabilities 4,577,672 438,696   Current Liabilities 82,143 3,135,915   Total liabilities 82,143 3,135,915   Equity 82,143 3,135,915   Issued capital 23,482,102 11,396,001   Reserves 2,727,112 1,065,587   Accumulated losses (21,713,685) (15,158,807)   Total equity 4,495,529 (2,697,219)   Financial Performance 1 1   Loss for the year (6,554,878) (15,158,807)   Other comprehensive income - -   |                          | \$               | \$           |  |
| Current Assets 4,577,672 438,696   Non-current asset - -   Total assets 4,577,672 438,696   Liabilities 4,577,672 438,696   Current Liabilities 4,577,672 438,696   Current Liabilities 82,143 3,135,915   Total liabilities 82,143 3,135,915   Total liabilities 82,143 3,135,915   Equity 82,143 3,135,915   Issued capital 23,482,102 11,396,001   Reserves 2,727,112 1,065,587   Accumulated losses (21,713,685) (15,158,807)   Total equity 4,495,529 (2,697,219)   Financial Performance (6,554,878) (15,158,807)   Loss for the year (6,554,878) (15,158,807)   Other comprehensive income - -  | Financial Position       |                  |              |  |
| Non-current asset -  -   | Assets                   |                  |              |  |
| Total assets 4,577,672 438,696   Liabilities 82,143 3,135,915   Current Liabilities 82,143 3,135,915   Total liabilities 82,143 3,135,915   Equity 82,143 3,135,915   Issued capital 23,482,102 11,396,001   Reserves 2,727,112 1,065,587   Accumulated losses (21,713,685) (15,158,807)   Total equity 4,495,529 (2,697,219)   Financial Performance (6,554,878) (15,158,807)   Loss for the year (6,554,878) (15,158,807)   Other comprehensive income - -   | Current Assets           | 4,577,672        | 438,696      |  |
| Liabilities   Current Liabilities   Total liabilities   Equity   Issued capital   Reserves   Accumulated losses   (21,713,685)   (15,158,807)   Total equity   Financial Performance   Loss for the year   Other comprehensive income  | Non-current asset        | -                | -            |  |
| Current Liabilities 82,143 3,135,915   Total liabilities 82,143 3,135,915   Equity 82,143 3,135,915   Issued capital 23,482,102 11,396,001   Reserves 2,727,112 1,065,587   Accumulated losses (21,713,685) (15,158,807)   Total equity 4,495,529 (2,697,219)   Financial Performance (6,554,878) (15,158,807)   Loss for the year (6,554,878) (15,158,807)   Other comprehensive income - -   | Total assets             | 4,577,672        | 438,696      |  |
| Total liabilities 82,143 3,135,915   Equity Issued capital 23,482,102 11,396,001   Reserves 2,727,112 1,065,587   Accumulated losses (15,158,807) 4,495,529 (2,697,219)   Financial Performance (6,554,878) (15,158,807) (15,158,807)   Loss for the year (6,554,878) (15,158,807) (15,158,807)   Other comprehensive income - - -   |                          |                  |              |  |
| Equity   Issued capital 23,482,102 11,396,001   Reserves 2,727,112 1,065,587   Accumulated losses (21,713,685) (15,158,807)   Total equity 4,495,529 (2,697,219)   Financial Performance (6,554,878) (15,158,807)   Loss for the year (6,554,878) (15,158,807)   Other comprehensive income - -  |                          |                  | · · · ·      |  |
| Issued capital 23,482,102 11,396,001   Reserves 2,727,112 1,065,587   Accumulated losses (21,713,685) (15,158,807)   Total equity 4,495,529 (2,697,219)   Financial Performance (6,554,878) (15,158,807)   Loss for the year (6,554,878) (15,158,807)   Other comprehensive income - -   | Total liabilities        | 82,143           | 3,135,915    |  |
| Reserves 2,727,112 1,065,587   Accumulated losses (21,713,685) (15,158,807)   Total equity 4,495,529 (2,697,219)   Financial Performance (6,554,878) (15,158,807)   Loss for the year (6,554,878) (15,158,807)   Other comprehensive income - -  |                          |                  |              |  |
| Accumulated losses (21,713,685) (15,158,807)   Total equity 4,495,529 (2,697,219)   Financial Performance (6,554,878) (15,158,807)   Loss for the year (6,554,878) (15,158,807)   Other comprehensive income - -   | •                        |                  |              |  |
| Total equity   4,495,529   (2,697,219)     Financial Performance   (6,554,878)   (15,158,807)     Loss for the year   (6,554,878)   (15,158,807)     Other comprehensive income   -   -  |                          |                  |              |  |
| Financial Performance   Loss for the year (6,554,878) (15,158,807)   Other comprehensive income - - -  |                          |                  |              |  |
| Loss for the year (6,554,878) (15,158,807)   Other comprehensive income - - -  |                          | 4,495,529        | (2,097,219)  |  |
| Other comprehensive income   | Financial Performance    |                  |              |  |
| Total comprehensive loss (6,554,878) (15,158,807)  |                          | (6,554,878)<br>- | (15,158,807) |  |
|  | Total comprehensive loss | (6,554,878)      | (15,158,807) |  |

# (b) Guarantees

Rewardle Holdings Limited has not entered into any guarantees in relation to the debts of its subsidiary.

## (c) Other Commitments and Contingencies

Rewardle Holdings Limited has no commitments to acquire property, plant and equipment, and has no contingent liabilities apart from the amounts disclosed in note 14.

#### 19. Financial Risk Management

The Consolidated Entity's principal financial instruments comprise receivables, payables, loans and cash. The Consolidated Entity manages its exposure to key financial risks in accordance with the Consolidated Entity's financial risk management policy. The objective of the policy is to support the delivery of the Consolidated Entity's financial targets while protecting future financial security.

The main risks arising from the Consolidated Entity's financial instruments are interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Consolidated Entity does not speculate in the trading of derivative instruments. The Consolidated Entity uses different methods to measure and manage different types of risks to which it is exposed. These include monitoring levels of exposure to interest rates and assessments of market forecasts for interest rates. Ageing analysis of and monitoring of receivables are undertaken to manage credit risk, liquidity risk is monitored through the development of future rolling cash flow forecasts.

The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks as summarised below.

Primary responsibility for identification and control of financial risks rests with the Board. The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing each of the risks identified below, including for interest rate risk, credit allowances and cash flow forecast projections.

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised, in respect of each class of financial asset and financial liability are disclosed in note 1 to the financial statements.

#### **Risk Exposures and Responses**

#### Interest rate risk

The Consolidated Entity's exposure to risks of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Consolidated Entity's cash balances. The Consolidated Entity constantly analyses its interest rate exposure. Within this analysis consideration is given to potential renewals of existing positions, alternative financing positions and the mix of fixed and variable interest rates. As the Company has no interest bearing borrowings its exposure to interest rate movements is limited to the amount of interest income it can potentially earn on surplus cash deposits.

As at reporting date, the Consolidated Entity had the following financial assets exposed to variable interest rates that are not designated in cash flow hedges:

|   | Consolidated |         |  |
|---|--------------|---------|--|
|   | 2015         | 2014    |  |
|   | \$           | Ş       |  |
| Financial Assets                                      |              |         |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents (interest-bearing accounts) | 4,859,008    | 454,287 |  |
| Net exposure  | 4,859,008    | 454,287 |  |

#### 19. Financial Risk Management (Continued)

The following sensitivity analysis is based on the interest rate risk exposures in existence at the reporting date.

At year end, if interest rates had moved, as illustrated in the table below, with all other variables held constant, post tax profit and equity relating to financial assets of the Consolidated Entity would have been affected as follows:

|  | Consolidated |         |  |
|--|--------------|---------|--|
|  | 2015 201     |         |  |
|  | \$           | \$      |  |
| Judgements of reasonably possible movements: |              |         |  |
| Post tax profit – higher / (lower)           |              |         |  |
| + 0.5%                                       | 24,295       | 2,726   |  |
| - 0.5%                                       | (24,295)     | (2,726) |  |
| Equity – higher / (lower)                    |              |         |  |
| + 0.5%                                       | 24,295       | 2,726   |  |
| - 0.5%                                       | (24,295)     | (2,726) |  |

## Liquidity Risk

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of loans and other available credit lines.

The Consolidated Entity manages liquidity risk by monitoring immediate and forecast cash requirements and ensuring adequate cash reserves are maintained.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the financial assets of the Consolidated Entity, which comprise deposits with banks and trade and other receivables. The Consolidated entity's exposure to credit risk arises from potential default of the counter party, with the maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of these instruments. The carrying amount of financial assets included in the statement of financial position represents the Consolidated Entity's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to those assets.

The Consolidated Entity does not hold any credit derivatives to offset its credit exposure.

The Consolidated Entity trades only with recognised, credit worthy third parties and as such collateral is not requested nor is it the Consolidated Entity's policy to secure its trade and other receivables.

Receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis with the result that the Consolidated Entity does not have a significant exposure to bad debts.

The Consolidated Entity's cash deposits are held with a major Australian banking institution with a credit rating of AA- otherwise, there are no significant concentrations of credit risk within the Consolidated entity.

#### **19.** Financial Risk Management (Continued)

The following table details the expected maturity of the Group's financial assets and liabilities based on the earliest date of maturity or payment respectively. The amounts are stated on an undiscounted basis and include interest.

| Consolidated              | Weighted<br>average<br>effective<br>interest rate<br>% | Less than 1<br>month<br>\$ | 1 – 3<br>Months<br>\$ | 3 months<br>– 1 year<br>\$ | 1 – 5<br>years<br>\$ |
|---------------------------|--|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Financial Assets:         |  |                            |                       |                            |                      |
| Non-interest bearing      | -  | 28,471                     | 89,266                | 986                        | 714                  |
| Variable interest rate    | 1.35   | 4,859,008                  |                       | -                          | -                    |
| Fixed interest rate       |  | -                          | -                     | -                          | -                    |
|                           |  | 4,887,479                  | 89,266                | 986                        | 714                  |
| Financial Liabilities:    |  |                            |                       |                            |                      |
| Non-interest bearing      | -  | 108,477                    | 119,562               | -                          | -                    |
| Fixed interest rate       | -  | -                          | -                     | -                          | -                    |
|                           |  | 108,477                    | 119,562               | -                          | -                    |
| 2014<br>Financial Assets: |  |                            |                       |                            |                      |
| Non-interest bearing      | -  | 34,706                     | -                     | -                          | 1,463                |
| Variable interest rate    | 2.35   | 454,287                    | -                     | -                          | -                    |
| Fixed interest rate       | -  | -                          | -                     | -                          | -                    |
|                           |  | 488,993                    | -                     | -                          | 1,463                |
| Financial Liabilities:    |  |                            |                       |                            |                      |
| Non-interest bearing      | -  | 200,949                    | -                     | -                          | -                    |
| Fixed interest rate       | -  | 3,066,910                  | -                     | -                          | -                    |
|                           |  | 3,267,859                  | -                     | -                          | -                    |

#### **Capital Management Risk**

Management controls the capital of the Consolidated Entity in order to maximise the return to shareholders and ensure that the Group can fund its operations and continue as a going concern.

Management effectively manages the Group's capital by assessing the Consolidated Entity's financial risks and adjusting its capital structure in response to changes in these risks and in the market. These responses include the management of expenditure and debt levels and share and option issues.

The Group has no external loan debt facilities other than trade payables.

## Commodity Price and Foreign Currency Risk

The Consolidated Entity's exposure to price and currency risk is minimal.

## Fair Value

The Group does not have any financial instruments that are subject to recurring fair value measurements. Due to their short-term nature, the carrying amounts of the current receivables and current trade and other payables is assumed to approximate their fair value.

# 20. Share Based Payments

|   | Consolidated |         |  |
|---|--------------|---------|--|
|   | 2015 2014    |         |  |
|   | \$           | \$      |  |
| (a) Value of share based payments in the financial statements       |              |         |  |
| Share based payments expensed - directors fees and benefits expense | 705,000      | 203,940 |  |
| Share based payments expensed – employee benefits expense           | 772,980      | -       |  |
| Share based payments expensed – finance costs                       | 553,886      | 389,337 |  |
| Share based payments – capital raising costs                        | 101,970      | -       |  |
|   | 2,133,836    | 593,277 |  |

# (b) Summary of share-based payments

No shares were issued as share based payments during the year.

Set out below are the summaries of options granted as share based payments:

# 2015

| Grant<br>Date        | Expiry<br>Date      | Exercise<br>Price | Balance at<br>beginning<br>of year | Issued<br>during the<br>year | Exercised<br>during the<br>year | Expired or<br>Cancelled | Balance at<br>end of<br>year | Number<br>vested         | Number<br>exercisable    |
|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 30/04/14<br>30/04/14 | 30/06/17<br>7/02/18 | \$0.20<br>\$0.20  | 15,675,000<br>-                    | 3,700,000<br>20,000,000      | -                               | -                       | 19,375,000<br>20,000,000     | 19,375,000<br>15,000,000 | 19,375,000<br>10,000,000 |
|                      |                     |                   | 15,675,000                         | 23,700,000                   | -                               | -                       | 39,375,000                   | 34,375,000               | 29,375,000               |
| Weighte              | ed average ex       | ercise price      | \$0.20                             | \$0.20                       | -                               | -                       | \$0.20                       | \$0.20                   | \$0.20                   |

# 2014

| Grant<br>Date | Expiry<br>Date | Exercise<br>Price | Balance at<br>beginning<br>of period | Issued<br>during the<br>year | Exercised<br>during the<br>year | Expired or<br>Cancelled | Balance at<br>end of<br>period | Number<br>vested | Number<br>exercisable |
|---------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| 30/04/14      | 30/06/17       | \$0.20            | -                                    | 15,675,000                   | -                               | -                       | 15,375,000                     | 15,675,000       | 15,675,000            |
|               |                |                   | -                                    | 15,675,000                   | -                               | -                       | 15,675,000                     | 15,675,000       | 15,675,000            |
| Weighte       | ed average exe | ercise price      | -                                    | \$0.20                       | -                               | -                       | \$0.20                         | \$0.20           | \$0.20                |

#### 20. Share Based Payments (Continued)

The assessed fair values of the options was determined using a binomial option pricing model or Black-Scholes model, taking into account the exercise price, term of option, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underling share, expected yield and the risk-free interest rate for the term of the option. The inputs to the model used were:

| Grant date                       | 30/04/2014 | 30/04/2014 |  |
|----------------------------------|------------|------------|--|
| Dividend yield (%)               | -          | -          |  |
| Expected volatility (%)          | 75%        | 75%        |  |
| Risk-free interest rate (%)      | 2.95%      | 2.95%      |  |
| Expected life of options (years) | 3.17       | 3.33       |  |
| Underlying share price (\$)      | \$0.15     | \$0.15     |  |
| Option exercise price (\$)       | \$0.20     | \$0.20     |  |
| Value of option (\$)             | \$0.06798  | \$0.07050  |  |

## (c) Weighted average remaining contractual life

The weighted average remaining contractual life of share-based payment options that were outstanding as at 30 June 2015 was 2.3 years (2014: 3 years).

## (d) Weighted average fair value

The weighted average fair value of share-based payment options granted during the year was \$0.07011 (2014: \$0.06798) each.

#### 21. Events Subsequent to Year End

There are no other matters or circumstances that have arisen since 30 June 2015 that have or may significantly affect the operations, results, or state of affairs of the Group other than:

On 3 July 2015, the Company issued the following options to subscribe for ordinary fully paid shares to staff:

- 60,000 unlisted performance options exercisable at 20 cents each expiring 7 February 2018;
- 836,500 unlisted performance options exercisable at 25 cents each expiring 7 February 2018;
- 550,000 unlisted performance options exercisable at 30 cents each expiring 7 February 2018; and
- 1,000,000 unlisted options exercisable at 30 cents each expiring 31 March 2018.

On 10 August 2015, the Company issued 87,500 fully paid ordinary shares following the exercise of 87,500 unlisted performance options exercisable at 20 cents each on or before 7 February 2018.

On 11 September 2015, the Company issued 150,000 fully paid ordinary shares following the exercise of 150,000 unlisted options exercisable at 20 cents each on or before 30 June 2017.

# 22. New Accounting Standards for Application in Future Periods

The AASB has issued new and amended accounting standards and interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods. The Group has decided against early adoption of these standards. A discussion of those future requirements and their impact on the Group follows:

| Reference                        | Title                                       | Summary  | Impact on<br>Group's financial<br>report   | Application<br>date for<br>Group |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--|----------------------------------|
| AASB 9                           | Financial<br>Instruments                    | AASB 9 AAB 9 addresses the classification, measurement and<br>derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities. Since<br>December 2013, it also sets out new rules for hedge<br>accounting.   | The Group has<br>considered these<br>standards and<br>determined that<br>there is no impact<br>on the Groups<br>financial<br>statements.   | 1 July 2018                      |
| IFRS 15<br>(issued<br>June 2014) | Revenue from<br>contracts with<br>customers | An entity will recognise revenue to depict the transfer of<br>promised goods or services to customers in an amount that<br>reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be<br>entitled in exchange for those goods or services. This means<br>that revenue will be recognised when control of goods or<br>services is transferred, rather than on transfer of risks and<br>rewards as is currently the case under IAS 18 Revenue. | Due to the recent<br>release of this<br>standard the<br>company has not<br>yet made an<br>assessment of the<br>impact of this<br>standard. | 1 July 2017                      |

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The Directors of the Company declare that:

- 1. The financial statements and notes are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, and:
  - (i) comply with Accounting Standards, *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
  - (ii) give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2015 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date.
- 2. The Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer equivalents of the Company declare that:
  - (i) the financial records of the Company for the year have been properly maintained in accordance with section 286 of the *Corporations Act 2001*;
  - (ii) the financial statements and notes for the year comply with the accounting standards; and
  - (iii) the financial statements and notes for the year give a true and fair view.
- 3. The Company has included in note 1 to the financial statements an explicit and unreserved statement of compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.
- 4. In the opinion of the directors' there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Ruwan Weerasooriya Managing Director

30 September 2015

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Rewardle Holdings Limited

# **Report on the Financial Report**

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Rewardle Holdings Limited, which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2015, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the company and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

# Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 1, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial statements comply with *International Financial Reporting Standards*.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the company's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

BDO East Coast Partnership ABN 83 236 985 726 is a member of a national association of independent entities which are all members of BDO Australia Ltd ABN 77 050 110 275, an Australian company limited by guarantee. BDO East Coast Partnership and BDO Australia Ltd are members of BDO International Ltd, a UK company limited by guarantee, and form part of the international BDO network of independent member firms. Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation, other than for the acts or omissions of financial services licensees.



# Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of Rewardle Holdings Limited, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

# Opinion

In our opinion:

- (a) the financial report of Rewardle Holdings Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act* 2001, including:
  - (i) giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2015 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
  - (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- (b) the financial report also complies with *International Financial Reporting Standards* as disclosed in Note 1.

# Emphasis of matter

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1 in the financial report, which indicates the ability of the consolidated entity to continue as a going concern is dependent upon future successful capital raising activities. This condition, along with other matters as set out in Note 1, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the consolidated entity's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore, the consolidated entity may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

# **Report on the Remuneration Report**

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 15 to 21 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2015. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

# Opinion

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Rewardle Holdings Limited for the year ended 30 June 2015 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

# **BDO East Coast Partnership**

Simon Scalzo Partner Melbourne, 30 September 2015



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# DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY SIMON SCALZO TO THE DIRECTORS OF REWARDLE HOLDINGS LIMITED

As lead auditor of Rewardle Holdings Limited for the year ended 30 June 2015, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- 1. No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- 2. No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Rewardle Holdings Limited and the entities it controlled during the period.

Simon Scalzo Partner

# **BDO East Coast Partnership**

Melbourne, 30 September 2015

BDO East Coast Partnership ABN 83 236 985 726 is a member of a national association of independent entities which are all members of BDO Australia Ltd ABN 77 050 110 275, an Australian company limited by guarantee. BDO East Coast Partnership and BDO Australia Ltd are members of BDO International Ltd, a UK company limited by guarantee, and form part of the international BDO network of independent member firms. Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation, other than for the acts or omissions of financial services licensees.

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# HOLDINGS AS AT 25 SEPTEMBER 2015

# Substantial Shareholders

| Name  | Units      | % of Total |
|---|------------|------------|
| RUWAN WEERASOORIYA  | 74,500,000 | 56.70      |
| MAMALADE HOLDINGS PTY LTD <marmalade a="" c=""></marmalade> | 12,500,000 | 9.51       |

| Range of Holding – Ordinary Shares | Holders | Shares      |
|------------------------------------|---------|-------------|
| 1 – 1000                           | 30      | 1,092       |
| 1001 – 5000                        | 115     | 355,770     |
| 5001 - 10,000                      | 186     | 1,691.866   |
| 10,001 - 100,000                   | 354     | 12,669,204  |
| 100,001 and above                  | 81      | 116,671,083 |
|                                    | 766     | 131,389,015 |

There are 30 shareholders with less than a marketable parcel.

# Voting Rights

Each fully paid ordinary share carries voting rights of one vote per share.

# The Top 20 Holders of Ordinary Shares are:

| Rank | Name   | Units       | % of Total |
|------|--|-------------|------------|
| 1.   | RUWAN WEERASOORIYA   | 74,500,000  | 56.70      |
| 2.   | MARMALADE HOLDINGS PTY LTD < MARMALADE A/C>  | 12,500,000  | 9.51       |
| 3.   | WILLOWDALE HOLDINGS PTY LTD  | 1,960,000   | 1.49       |
| 4.   | HSBC CUSTODY NOMINEES (AUSTRALIA) LIMITED  | 1,542,356   | 1.17       |
| 5.   | LYDIAN ENTERPRISES PTY LTD <lydian a="" c=""></lydian>   | 1,500,000   | 1.14       |
| 6.   | JP MORGAN NOMINEES AUSTRALIA LIMITED   | 1,179,589   | 0.90       |
| 7.   | CITICORP NOMINEES PTY LIMITED  | 1,091,677   | 0.83       |
| 8.   | NATIONAL NOMINEES LIMITED  | 1,036,902   | 0.79       |
| 9.   | ROBERT PAUL MARTIN & SUSAM PAMELA MARTIN <rp &="" f<="" martin="" s="" sp="" td=""><td></td><td></td></rp> |             |            |
| 9.   | A/C>   | 1,000,000   | 0.76       |
| 10.  | LANDMARK HOLDINGS (WA) PTY LTD   | 990,000     | 0.75       |
| 11.  | RPM SUPER PTY LTD <rpm a="" c="" fund="" super=""></rpm>   | 940,000     | 0.72       |
| 12.  | VAULT (WA) PTY LTD <vault a="" c=""></vault>   | 800,017     | 0.61       |
| 13.  | MT TRENT ANTONY GOODRICK   | 660,000     | 0.50       |
| 14.  | GOLDBONSUPER PTY LTD   | 553,047     | 0.47       |
| 15.  | MORPARQ PTY LTD  | 550,000     | 0.42       |
| 16.  | MR DVID KUOH HOU CHONG   | 550,000     | 0.42       |
| 17.  | MORKEL NOMINEES PTY LTD < MORKEL SUPERFUND A/C>  | 510,000     | 0.39       |
| 18.  | GOLDFIRE ENTERPRISES PTY LTD   | 500,000     | 0.38       |
| 19.  | MARMALADE HOLDINGS PTY LTD < MARMALADE A/C>  | 500,000     | 0.38       |
| 20.  | BOND STREET CUSTODIANS LIMITED <ppmrm-d00156 a="" c=""></ppmrm-d00156>                                     | 500,000     | 0.38       |
|      |  | 103,363,588 | 78.67      |

**Unquoted Equity Securities** 

| Number     | Number of<br>Holders | Class  | Holders with greater than 20%  |
|------------|----------------------|--|--|
| 75,664,168 | 11                   | Ordinary shares escrowed 24 months from listing                                  | Ruwan Weerasooriya (98%)   |
| 1,000,000  | 1                    | Options exercisable at 20 cents expiring 30 June 2017                            | Jason Potter (100%)  |
| 15,352,500 | 15                   | Options exercisable at 20 cents expiring 30 June 2017                            | Marmalade Holdings Pty Ltd (61%)   |
| 10,000,000 | 1                    | Performance options exercisable at 20 cents expiring 7 February 2018             | Ruwan Weerasooriya (100%)  |
| 11,359,000 |                      | Staff Performance options<br>exercisable at 20 cents expiring 7<br>February 2018 | ESOP   |
| 836,500    |                      | Staff Performance Options<br>exercisable at 25 cents expiring 7<br>February 2018 | ESOP   |
| 550,000    |                      | Staff Performance Options<br>exercisable at 30 cents expiring 7<br>February 2018 | ESOP   |
| 2,872,500  | 8                    | Options exercisable at 20 cents<br>expiring 30 June 2017                         | RPM Super Pty Ltd (26%)<br>R&S Martin <s a="" c="" f=""> (26%)<br/>Goldbondsuper Pty Ltd (21%)</s> |
| 1,000,000  | 1                    | Options exercisable at 30 cents<br>expiring 31 March 2018                        | Jason Potter (100%)  |

#### **Restricted Securities**

The company has the following restricted securities on issue as at the date of this report: Security Name ORD FP SHARES – ESCROWED 24 MONTHS FROM LISTING UNLISTED OPTIONS – ESCROWED 24 MONTHS FROM LISTING UNLISTED PERFORMAND OPTIONS – ESC 24 MONTHS

## Holdings 75,664,168 15,352,500 10,000,000

#### **On-market Buy-back**

Currently there is no on-market buy-back of the Company's securities.

## Consistency with business objectives

The company has used its cash and assets in a form readily convertible to cash that it had at the time of listing in a way consistent with its stated business objectives.

